MORA COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

2003 NEW MEXICO COUNTY HEALTH PROFILES NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH PUBLIC HEALTH DIVISION OFFICE OF NEW MEXICO VITAL RECORDS AND HEALTH STATISTICS

Welcome to the fifth update of the New Mexico County Health Profiles. This publication is dedicated to users of county-level data as well as to those who contributed data, suggestions, interpretations, and comments. Thanks to so many of you, there are many improvements in this year's version. Some of you work in the Department of Health, but a great many of you work in other agencies and it is gratifying to be able to have collaborated with you.

As in prior versions, the latest data available from each source is used. Questions about the data, their collection, limitations, or interpretation should be directed to the appropriate data source. To aid in this, a source is listed at the bottom of each table throughout the profile.

The compilation of the Profiles is possible because of assistance and contributions from many agencies and data providers: NM Department of Health, District Health Offices, Diabetes Prevention and Control Program, Family Food and Nutrition Services, Family Health Bureau, Infectious Disease Bureau, Injury Prevention and EMS Bureau, Long Term Services Division, Family Infant Toddler Program, Behavioral Health, and Office of Epidemiology; NM Children, Youth and Families Department, Child Protective Services; NM Commission on Higher Education; NM Department of Education; NM Department of Labor; NM Health Policy Commission; NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau; NM Human Services Department, Income Support Division, Medical Assistance Division; University of New Mexico's Bureau of Business and Economic Research (BBER) and New Mexico Tumor Registry; Center for Disease Control's National Center for Health Statistics; US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Bureau of Economic Analysis; and US Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Without outstanding assistance from the entire staff at the Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics, these profiles would not have been produced and we especially wish to thank: Mary M. Gonzales, John Hedrick, Brad Whorton, Brian Woods, Radha S. Biswas, Tony Ortiz, Renee Valencia, Michael Patterson, Veronica Tapia, Pete Varela, Rebecca Rodriguez, and Melinda Roybal.

Your comments are welcome. You may call 827-0167 to provide comments or suggestions for future reports.

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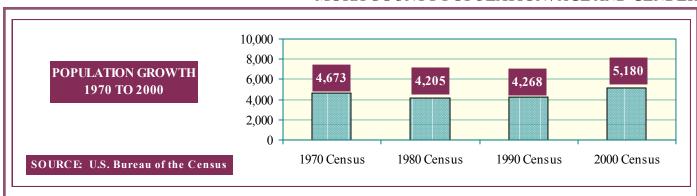
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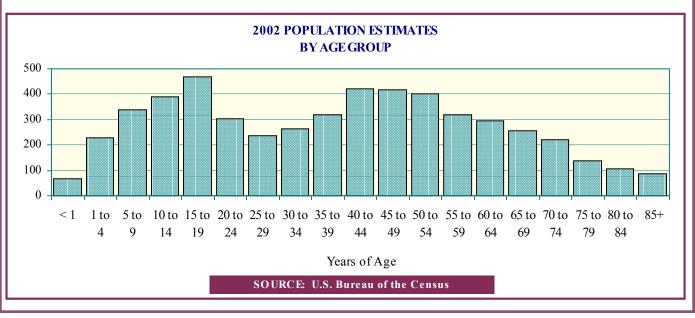
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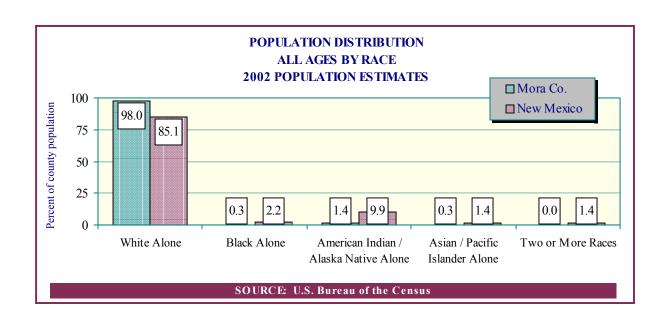
	2002 POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE AND GENDER Mora County New Mexico												
Age Groups	M	Iora Count	y	ĺ)								
Age Groups	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both							
Less than 1 yr	34	34	68	13,746	13,361	27,107							
1 to 4 years	113	115	228	53,236	51,780	105,016							
5 to 9 years	180	157	337	67,768	65,647	133,415							
10 to 14 years	200	190	390	74,247	71,746	145,993							
15 to 19 years	238	229	467	76,356	72,288	148,644							
20 to 24 years	159	144	303	67,182	64,847	132,029							
25 to 29 years	108	130	238	56,796	56,273	113,069							
30 to 34 years	130	133	263	59,596	59,961	119,557							
35 to 39 years	160	157	317	64,222	65,623	129,845							
40 to 44 years	222	199	421	70,951	73,496	144,447							
45 to 49 years	194	223	417	66,325	70,011	136,336							
50 to 54 years	196	204	400	60,317	63,383	123,700							
55 to 59 years	182	137	319	47,075	50,411	97,486							
60 to 64 years	143	154	297	36,530	40,431	76,961							
65 to 69 years	124	132	256	30,979	34,231	65,210							
70 to 74 years	108	111	219	26,175	29,427	55,602							
75 to 79 years	67	70	137	19,298	25,786	45,084							
80 to 84 years	51	54	105	12,434	17,304	29,738							
85 and over	43	44	87	8,926	16,894	25,820							
All Ages	2,652	2,617	5,269	912,159	942,900	1,855,059							
	Sour	ce: U.S. Bu	reau of the	Census									



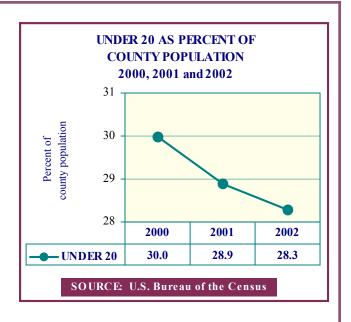
	2002 POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE AND RACE/ETHNICITY											
Age Groups	White	ONE I Black	RACE American Indian / Alaska Native	Asian / Pacific Islander	Two or More Races	Total Population	Hispanic or Latino Ethnicity Any Race ^{/1}					
Under 5 years	289	3	3	1	0	296	269					
5 to 9 years	332	1	3	1	0	337	293					
10 to 14 years	381	1	7	1	0	390	340					
15 to 19 years	451	2	14	0	0	467	396					
20 to 24 years	295	2	4	2	0	303	266					
25 to 29 years	234	1	3	0	0	238	207					
30 to 34 years	256	2	3	2	0	263	239					
35 to 39 years	307	0	8	2	0	317	270					
40 to 44 years	414	1	4	2	0	421	346					
45 to 49 years	413	1	3	0	0	417	311					
50 to 54 years	393	0	7	0	0	400	289					
55 to 59 years	311	3	4	1	0	319	217					
60 to 64 years	293	1	3	0	0	297	220					
65 to 69 years	254	0	2	0	0	256	189					
70 to 74 years	213	0	4	2	0	219	166					
75 to 79 years	135	0	2	0	0	137	106					
80 to 84 years	105	0	0	0	0	105	81					
85 and over	87	0	0	0	0	87	69					
All Ages	5,163	18	74	14	0	5,269	4,274					

Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race. Adding the Hispanic or Latino population to the racial categories will result in double counting.

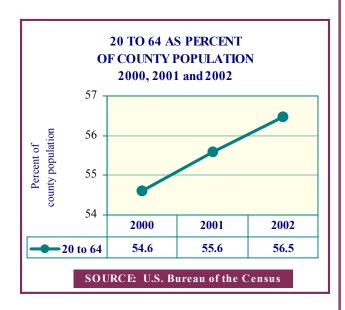
SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census



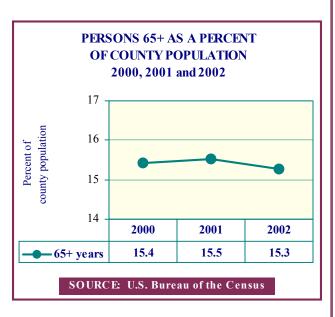
UNDER 20 POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002											
Age Groups 2000 2001 2002											
Under 5 years	318	294	296								
5 to 9 years	320	322	337								
10 to 14 years	427	395	390								
15 to 19 years	488	493	467								
Under 20 years	1,553	1,504	1,490								
County Population											
Source: U	.S. Bureau o	of the Censu	S								

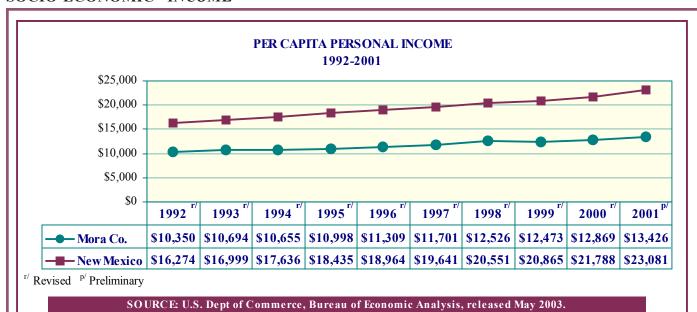


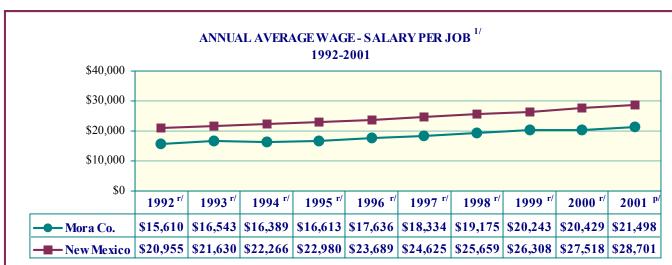
20 TO 64 POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002											
Age Groups	2000	2001	2002								
20 to 24 years	219	252	303								
25 to 29 years	224	223	238								
30 to 34 years	267	269	263								
35 to 39 years	369	329	317								
40 to 44 years	399	407	421								
45 to 49 years	413	424	417								
50 to 54 years	364	406	400								
55 to 59 years	297	308	319								
60 to 64 years	276	276	297								
20 to 64 years	2,828	2,894	2,975								
County Population	5,180	5,207	5,269								
	-	5,207 of the Censu									



65 AND OLDER POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002												
Age Groups	Age Groups 2000 2001 2002											
65 to 69 years	271	261	256									
70 to 74 years	194	214	219									
75 to 79 years	163	147	137									
80 to 84 years	85	95	105									
85 and over	86	92	87									
65 years and older	799	809	804									
County Population	5,180	5,207	5,269									

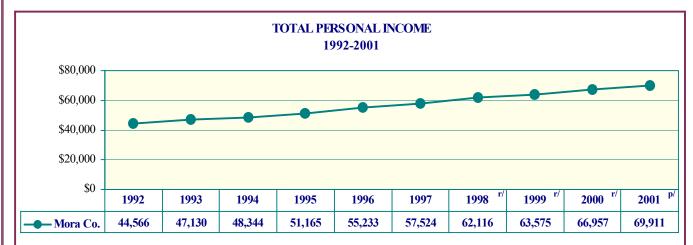






r/ Revised p/ Preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, released December 2002.



r/ Revised p/ Preliminary

See glossary for definition of Total Personal Income

SOURCE: U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, released May 2003.

^{1/} The employment estimates used to compute the average wage are a job, not person, count.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC - UNEMPLOYMENT / TANF / FOOD STAMPS / MEDICAID / POVERTY



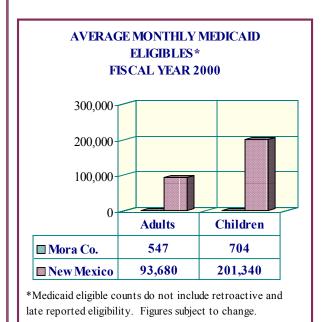
AVERAGE MONTHYLY TANF AND FOOD STAMPS CASES FISCAL YEAR 2003 (7/02 - 6/03)

Cumlamant	Mora	a Co.	New Mexico			
Supplement	Number	Percent*	Percent*			
TANF	50	2.3	16,382	0.9		
Food Stamps	307	6.8	72,411	3.9		

^{*}Percent of county's estimated 2002 population.

NOTE: Starting July 1, 1999, changes were made in the methodology for counting TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) caseloads. Caution should be used when comparing data to previous fiscal years.

SOURCE: NM Human Services Department, Income Support Division.



SOURCE: NM Human Sevices Department Income Support Division

AVERAGE MONTHLY PERCENT TANF AND FOOD STAMP CASES FISCAL YEAR 2003 Mora Co. New Mexico New Mexico TANF Food Stamps TANF = Temporary Assistance for Needy Families. SOURCE: NM Human Services Department Income Support Division.

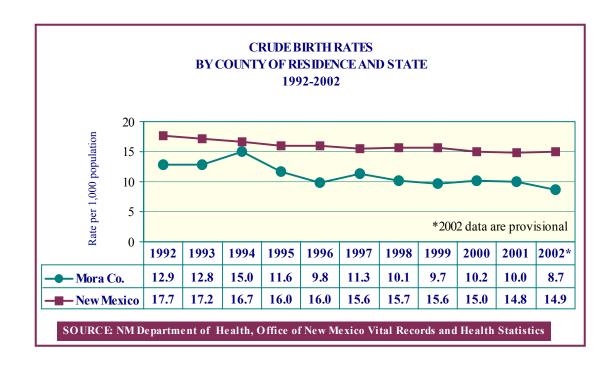
ESTIMATED NUMBER AND PERCENT OF PEOPLE IN POVERTY 1999

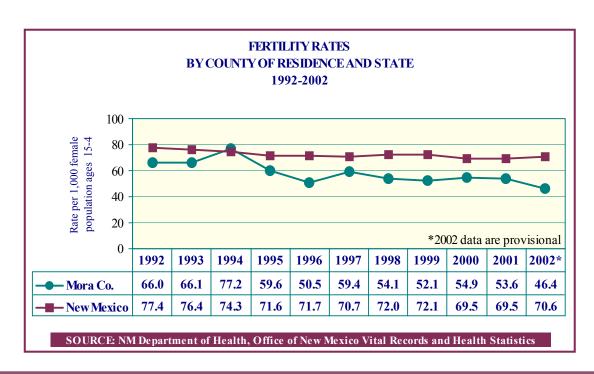
Ago	Mor	a Co.	New Mexico		
Age	Number	Percent*	Number	Percent*	
All Ages in Poverty	1,323	25.6	326,223	18.2	
Children age < 18 years	479	35.2	133,194	26.4	
Related children ages					
5-17 years	329	33.0	92,333	25.0	

See glossary for definition of poverty. *Percent of Specified Age Group.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, "Estimates Model 1999."

	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE AND STATE 1992-2002												
	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002*												
Mora Co.	55	56	67	53	47	54	49	48	53	52	46		
New Mexico	27,910	27,831	27,585	26,914	27,216	26,844	27,294	27,133	27,206	27,101	27,708		
	*2002 data are provisional												
SOUR	RCE: NM I	De partme	nt of Hea	ılth, Offi	ce of Nev	v Me xico	Vital Red	cords and	Health S	statistics			





	MORA COUNTY RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002													
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
15-19	10	10	21	9	4	11	6	9	9	8	10			
20-24	21	25	12	16	16	16	16	12	13	17	16			
25-29	12	9	15	14	11	11	13	12	14	17	9			
30-34	5	6	11	8	12	11	11	10	9	7	10			
35-39	6	5	8	4	4	4	2	3	3	2	1			
40-44														
*2002 data	a are provis	ional					<u> </u>							

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

	MORA COUNTY RESIDENT BIRTH RATES** BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002													
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
15-19	62.9	59.5	121.4	49.5	20.7	57.6	31.4	46.4	38.0	32.5	43.7			
20-24	189.2	221.2	102.6	132.2	125.0	123.1	123.1	90.9	127.5	154.5	111.1			
25-29	100.0	79.6	136.4	130.8	99.1	102.8	120.4	107.1	113.8	134.9	69.2			
30-34	31.8	38.5	69.6	51.3	76.9	76.4	81.5	75.8	69.2	54.7	75.2			
35-39	41.1	33.1	50.6	24.5	23.4	24.0	11.8	17.6	16.7	12.0	6.4			
40-44	7.1	0.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	25.8	5.2	0.0			
*2002 data	a are provis	sional	**Rate pe	r 1,000 wor	nen in spe	cified group)							

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

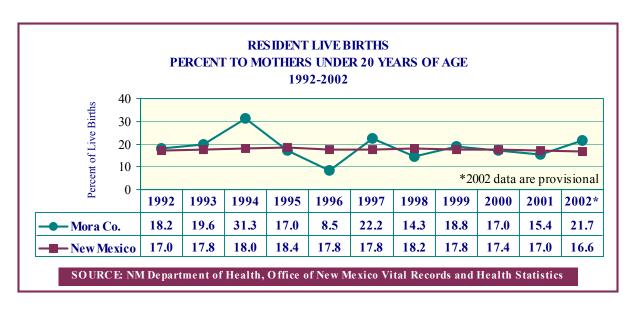
	NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTH RATES** BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002														
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*				
15-19	15-19 79.8 80.7 77.2 74.3 70.8 68.0 69.1 67.2 65.5 63.1 62.3														
20-24															
25-29	129.0	131.7	129.7	125.5	131.8	129.8	132.1	128.0	117.0	119.3	123.3				
30-34	75.8	74.7	76.5	77.2	76.6	79.1	79.6	82.7	77.2	77.2	79.1				
35-39	31.3	30.8	31.3	31.3	32.5	31.5	33.8	34.1	33.3	33.5	35.0				
40-44	40-44 6.9 5.9 7.0 6.6 7.4 7.0 6.8 7.1 7.6 7.5 7.1														
*2002 data	are provis	ional	**Rate ne	r 1.000 wor	nen in spec	cified group)								

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

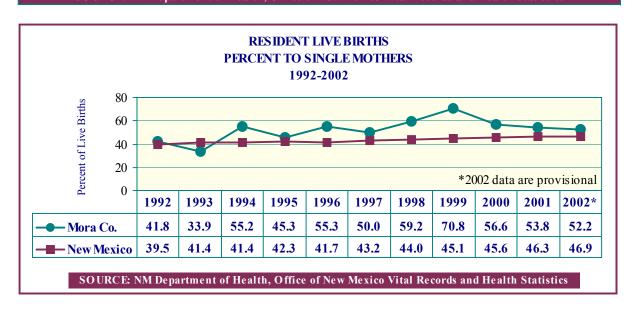
	UNITED STATES BIRTH RATES* BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002														
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002				
15-19	60.7	59.6	58.9	56.8	54.4	52.3	51.1	49.6	47.7	45.3	43.0				
20-24															
25-29															
30-34															
35-39															
40-44	40-44 5.9 6.1 6.4 6.6 6.8 7.1 7.3 7.4 8.0 8.1 8.3														
* Rate per	r 1.000 wome	en in speci	fied group												

SOURCE: CDC's, National Center for Health Statistics: NVSR Volume 52, Number 10.

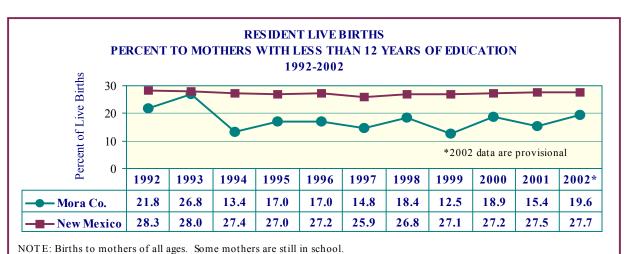
RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS UNDER 20 YEARS OF AGE 1992-2002													
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002*													
Mora Co.	10	11	21	9	4	12	7	9	9	8	10		
New Mexico	New Mexico 4,749 4,965 4,964 4,950 4,850 4,789 4,964 4,841 4,728 4,603 4,592												
*2002 data are provisional													
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics													



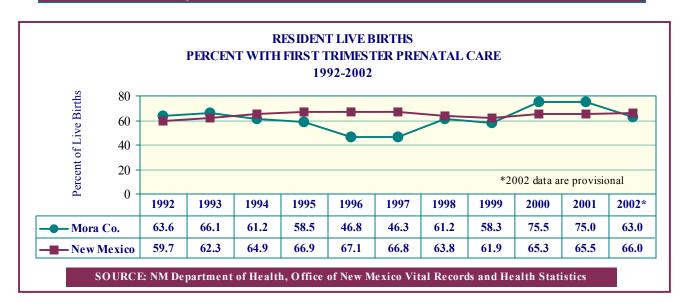
	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO SINGLE MOTHERS 1992-2002													
	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 ³													
Mora Co.	23	19	37	24	26	27	29	34	30	28	24			
New Mexico	New Mexico 11,021 11,522 11,408 11,388 11,347 11,590 12,021 12,236 12,400 12,549 12,984													
*2002 data are	*2002 data are provisional													
SO	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics													



RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS WITH LESS THAN 12 YEARS OF EDUCATION 1992-2002														
	1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 ⁵													
Mora Co.	12	15	9	9	8	8	9	6	10	8	9			
New Mexico	New Mexico 7,898 7,806 7,545 7,269 7,415 6,961 7,309 7,342 7,408 7,459 7,679													
*2002 data are provisional NOTE: Births to mothers of all ages. Some mothers are still in school.														
SO	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics													



	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS WITH FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE 1992-2002													
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002*														
Mora Co.	35	37	41	31	22	25	30	28	40	39	29			
New Mexico	New Mexico 16,656 17,344 17,893 18,011 18,264 17,932 17,411 16,790 17,757 17,741 18,293													
*2002 data are provisional														
SOU	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics													

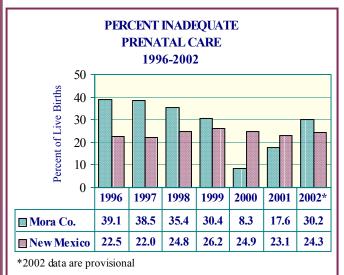


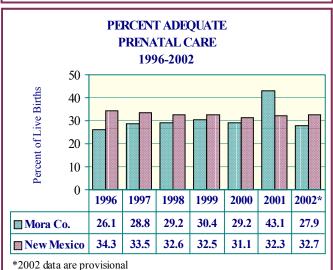
KESSNER INDEX VERSUS KOTELCHUCK INDEX

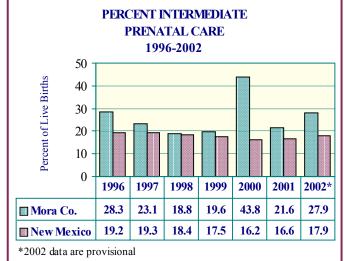
Both the Kessner Index and the Kotelchuck Index utilize the month of pregnancy in which prenatal care began and the number of prenatal visits. The Kessner Index relies very heavily on the timing of the initiation of prenatal care. For example, inadequate prenatal care is defined as no prenatal care or care beginning in the third trimester. The Kessner Index has been modified by most states to allow for insufficient visits even when care was initiated early. The exact combination varies from state to state so that there is no standard modified Kessner.

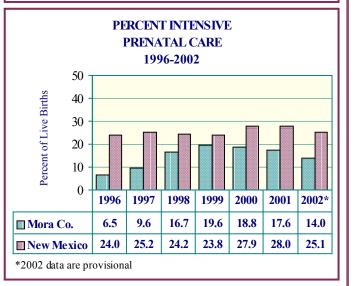
The Kotelchuck Index is more sophisticated and uses two dimensions, the timing of the initiation of care and the adequacy of services received (ratio of observed visits to expected visits), which are combined into a single summary index.

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS ADEQUACY OF PRENATAL CARE UTILIZATION (Kotelchuck Index) 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002* **Inadequate Care** 18 Mora Co. 20 17 14 13 5,541 New Mexico 5,811 6.284 6.499 6,333 5.854 6.321 Intermediate Care Mora Co. 13 12 11 12 New Mexico 4,943 4,845 4,660 4,331 4,122 4.187 4.663 Adequate Care Mora Co. 12 15 14 14 22 12 New Mexico 8.826 8.417 8.239 8.052 7.915 8.165 8.498 **Intensive Care** Mora Co. 6 6,182 6,341 6,109 5,885 7,097 7,090 6,526 New Mexico * 2002 data are provisional SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

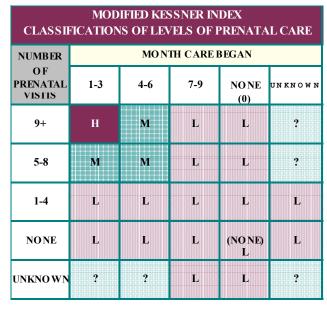








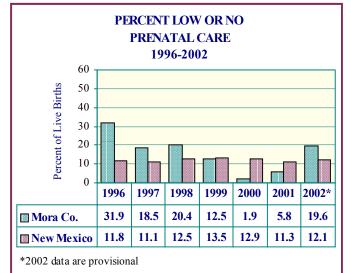
RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS LEVEL OF PRENATAL CARE (Modified Kessner Index) 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002*													
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*						
		L	ow or N	o Pren	atal Ca	re							
Mora Co.	15	10	10	6	1	3	9						
New Mexico	3,203	2,973	3,413	3,665	3,523	3,065	3,356						
		N.	lid-Leve	l Pren	atal Ca	re							
Mora Co.	14	27	16	23	24	17	16						
New Mexico	8,337	8,166	8,551	8,258	8,045	8,190	8,485						
			High F	Prenata	l Care								
Mora Co.	17	16	22	17	23	31	19						
New Mexico	14,331	14,139	13,476	13,025	14,035	14,164	14,284						
		U	nknow	n Prena	ıtal Car	·e							
Mora Co.	1	1	1	2	5	1	2						
New Mexico	1,345	1,566	1,854	2,185	1,603	1,682	1,581						
* 2002 data aı	e provis	sional											
SOUR	CE: NM	I Depar	tment o	f Healt	h, ONM	IVRHS							

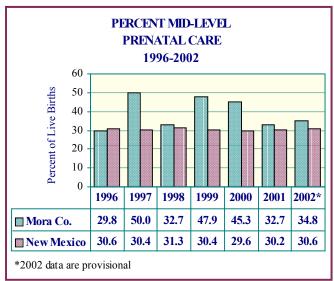


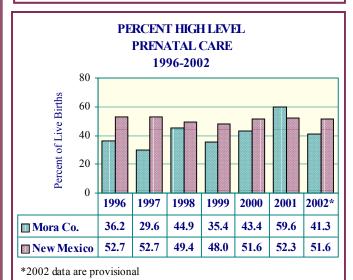
HIGH (OPTIMUM) LEVEL MID-LEVEL

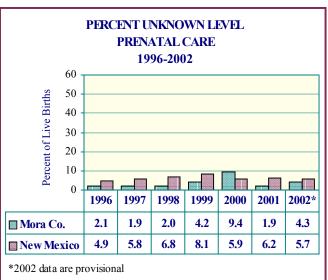
H LOW or NO LEVEL L M

UNKNOWN LEVEL ?









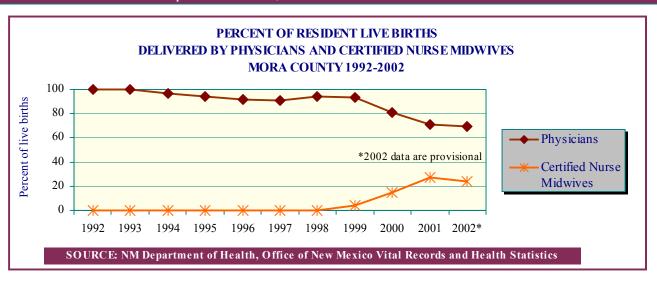
RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY TYPE OF ATTENDANT 1992-2002													
]	Physician							
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*		
Mora Co.	55	56	65	50	43	49	46	45	43	37	32		
New Mexico	23,454	22,492	22,309	21,965	22,101	21,387	20,932	19,696	19,407	19,063	19,231		
Certified Nurse Midwife													
Mora Co.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	14	11		
New Mexico	3,977	4,756	4,738	4,474	4,622	5,040	5,912	7,011	7,338	7,619	7,937		
					L	ay Midwife	;						
Mora Co.	0	0	2	1	4	4	3	1	1	1	3		
New Mexico	286	293	292	272	254	240	248	269	290	268	336		
	•	•		•	•	Other	•	•	-	•			
Mora Co.	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0		
New Mexico 193 290 246 203 239 177 202 157 171 151 204													

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

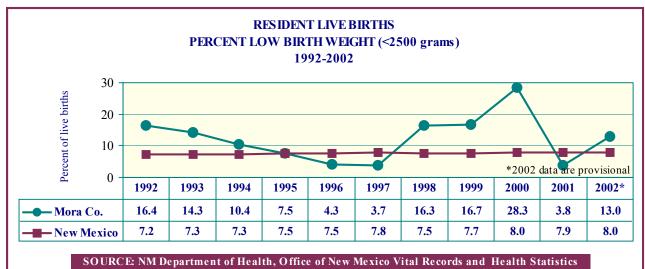
PERCENT OF RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY TYPE OF ATTENDANT 1992-2002

						Physician					
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*
Mora Co.	100.0	100.0	97.0	94.3	91.5	90.7	93.9	93.8	81.1	71.2	69.6
New Mexico	84.0	80.8	80.9	81.6	81.2	79.7	76.7	72.6	71.3	70.3	69.4
					Certific	ed Nurse N	/lidwife				
Mora Co.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2	15.1	26.9	23.9
New Mexico	14.2	17.1	17.2	16.6	17.0	18.8	21.7	25.8	27.0	28.1	28.6
				·	I	ay Midwife	e	·	·		
Mora Co.	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.9	8.5	7.4	6.1	2.1	1.9	1.9	6.5
New Mexico	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2
	•		_	-		Other	_		_	_	
Mora Co.	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
* 2002 1		1									

*2002 data are provisional



	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (< 2500 grams) 1992-2002													
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
Mora Co.	9	8	7	4	2	2	8	8	15	2	6			
New Mexico	2,014	2,032	2,023	2,017	2,041	2,086	2,042	2,078	2,180	2,147	2,224			
*2002 data are	*2002 data are provisional													
sou	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics													



Low Birth Weight

Low birth weight (LBW) is defined as an infant weight of less than 2,500 grams (5 1/2 lbs) at the time of delivery. Birth weight is one of the most important factors in determining the survival and health of an infant. Low birth weight is a public health problem since infants born LBW have increased infant mortality, morbidity, incidence of learning disabilities, and medical costs. Nationally, the risk factors for LBW include maternal age of less than seventeen and greater than 34 years, Black race/ethnicity, low socioeconomic status, single marital status, lower levels of maternal education, smoking, inadequate weight gain, low pre-pregnancy weight, and a variety of medical risk factors (Source: Data to Action).

Smoking, which retards fetal growth, is the single largest modifiable risk factor for LBW and infant mortality. It is estimated to account for 20 to 30% of all LBW births.

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS HIGH BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (4090+ grams, 9 pounds) 1994-2002											
1994-1996 1997-1999 2000-2002*											
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent					
Mora Co.	7	4.2	4	2.6	1	0.7					
New Mexico 4,010 5.2 3,810 4.9 3,674 4.7											
*2002 Data are provisional											
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS											

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (<1500 grams) 1994-2002

	1994	-1996	1997-	-1999	2000-2002*		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Mora Co.	1	0.6	1	0.7	1	0.7	
New Mexico	894	1.1	880	1.1	1,005	1.2	

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

High Birth Weight

A woman with a history of gestational diabetes or delivery of a baby weighing >9 pounds is at risk of developing type 2 diabetes. In addition, if the baby has macrosomia (generally defined as a weight of 4000 g or more), he or she is at risk for obesity and also for developing type 2 diabetes later on in life. It should be noted that there is no widely agreed-upon weight definition. Any evaluation of fetal weight must be considered in the context of gestational age.

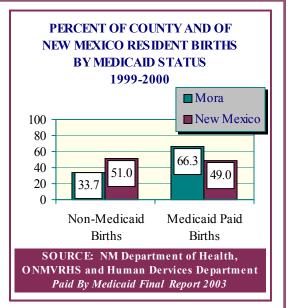
Sources: "Diabetes in the Life Cycle and Research," Vol. 4. 2003. Editor M. Franz. Published by the American Association of Diabetes Educators, Chicago Illinois. Diabetes Care Journal, Supplement 1, January 2003 Vol. (26).

MATERNAL AND INFANT HEALTH - MEDICAID BIRTHS / SUPPLEMENTAL PROGRAMS / FEMALE POPULATION

Medicaid is a Federal-State matching entitlement program that pays for medical assistance. Originating in 1965 as Title XIX of the Social Security Act, it was created as a medical extension of the federally funded cash income assistance program emphasizing care for dependent children and their mothers, the disabled, and the elderly.

Federal and state initiatives intending to expand access to maternity and child health care have resulted in dramatic changes in policy and manner of health care delivery. Federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Acts (OBRA) of 1986, 1987, and 1989 required states to grant Medicaid eligibility/coverage for pregnant woman and infants, ultimately, at or below the 133% of federal poverty levels, and allow for eligibility up to 185%. The State of New Mexico followed this progression and complimented the initiatives by extending eligibility up to 225% of federal poverty levels.

Statewide, Medicaid paid for 49% of births.



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTHS BY MEDICAID STATUS 1999-2000

Residence Medicaid Births		Medicaid Paid Births	Total Births	
Mora	34	67	101	
New Mexico	27,710	26,600	54,310	

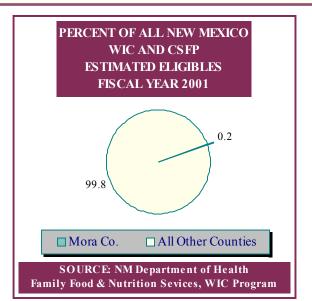
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS and Human Services Department Paid By Medicaid Final Report 2003 Compared to mothers of children whose births were not paid by Medicaid, Medicaid mothers in New Mexico tended to:

- Be younger;
- Be White Hispanic;
- Have fewer years of education;
- Have lower levels of prenatal care;
- Be outside of the major metropolitan areas;
- Be more at risk for preterm and low weight births.

WOMEN, INFANT & CHILDREN (WIC) PROGRAM &
COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM (CSFP)
POTENTIAL ELIGIBLES
FISCAL YEAR 2001
Estimated

	Estimated Potential Eligible	WIC	CSFP Recipients	Percent Served
Mora Co.	238	122	25	61.8
New Mexico	96,571	55,934	4,889	63.0

SOURCE: NM Department of Health Family Food & Nutrition Services, WIC Program



MORA FEMALE POPULATION **AGES 15-44** 2000, 2001 and 2002 2000 2001 2002 2000 2001 2002 **Age Groups** Age Groups 15 to 19 years 237 246 229 35 to 39 years 180 166 157 20 to 24 years 102 110 144 40 to 44 years 194 194 199 25 to 29 years 123 126 130 15 to 44 years 966 970 992 30 to 34 years 130 128 133 Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

RESIDENT INFANT DEATHS NEONATAL AND POSTNEONATAL MORTALITY RATES 1993-1997 & 1998-2002 AVERAGE

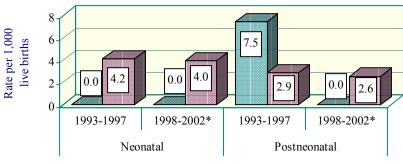
	All Infant Deaths		Neonatal		Postneonatal	
	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*
Mora Co.	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0
New Mexico	7.1	6.6	4.2	4.0	2.9	2.6

^{* 2002} data are provisional.

Rate per 1,000 live births in mid year.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS





* 2002 data are provisional.

■ Mora Co. ■ New Mexico

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

MORA COUNTY
PERCENT OF INFANT DEATHS
NEONATAL AND POSTNEONATAL
1998-2002*

No infant deaths in Mora County during this time period.

* 2002 data are provisional.

See glossary for definition of neonatal & postneonatal.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records & Health Statistics

INFANT MORTALITY RATES BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE FOR SELECTED CAUSES 1993-1997 & 1998-2002 AVERAGE

	All Infant Deaths		s Birth Defects		Short Gestation		SIDS	
	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*
Mora Co.	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0.	0.0	3.9	0.0
New Mexico	7.1	6.6	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.1	0.6

^{*2002} data are provisional

NOTE: Rate per 1,000 live births. Subcategory rates may not add up to all infant death rate due to rounding.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

NEW MEXICO RESIDENTS AGES 20 AND YOUNGER SELECTED DIAGNOSES REPORTED TO CHILDRENS CHRONIC CONDITIONS REGISTRY 2000

Diagnoses	Mora Co.		New Mexico	
Diagnoses	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Children in Registry	264	1652.1	90,763	1534.5
Congenital Anomalies - All	39	244.1	22,241	376.0
Neural Tube Defects	**	**	870	14.7
Cleft Lip/Cleft Palate	5	31.3	2,946	49.8
Down Syndrome	*	*	997	16.9
All Other Anomalies	34	212.8	17,428	294.6
Asthma	115	719.6	20,904	353.4

* = 1-3 **= 0

not listed above.

Rates per 10,000 population ages 20 years and younger NOTE: Children in registry totals include all other conditions

> SOURCE: NM Department of Health Children's Medical Services

CHILD ABUSE CASES NUMBER AND TYPE OF INVESTIGATIONS 2002

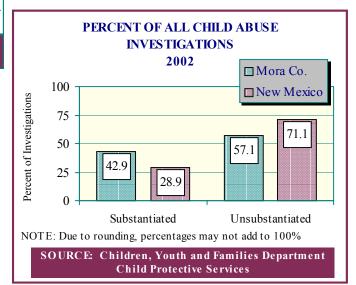
	Substantiated	Unsubstantiated	Total
Mora Co.	6	8	14
New Mexico	4,089	10,067	14,156

Substantiated means that through the course of the investigation, the social worker determined that the child(ren) who is the subject of the report has been determined to have been the victim of abuse and/or neglect. In other words the allegations are true.

An *unsubstantiated* investigation indicates that the investigator was unable to determine that the allegation(s) was, true.

SOURCE: NM Children, Youth and Families Department, Child Protective Services







Sometimes children have special developmental needs or health concerns that may put them at risk for or cause a developmental delay.

Through the Department of Health's Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program early intervention services are available to help families who have concerns about the development of their young child (birth to three).

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) ELIGIBILITY STATUS FOR FY03

ELIGIBILITY	Mora	New Mexico
ELIGIDILAT Y	NUMBER	NUMBER
At Risk, Environmental	0	665
At Risk, Medical/Biological	^	1,150
Developmental Delay	6	2,937
Established Condition	0	470

The eligibility category of children with an active IFSP during FY 2003 is reported. Children are eligible for FIT Program service through one of four eligibility categories: a developmental delay of 25% or more in one of five developmental areas, an established condition (such as Down's Syndrome) that usually leads to a development delay, or a medical / biological risk or an environmental risk for a developmental delay. ^Statistics not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) BY RACE/ ETHNICITY FOR FY03				
RACE/ ETHNICITY	Mora	New Mexico		
	NUMBER	NUMBER		
American Indian or Alaskan Native	0	779		
Asian or Pacific Islander	0	43		
Black or African American (not Hispanic)	0	130		
Hispanic or Latino	9	2,696		
White (not Hispanic)	0	1,574		
The race / ethnicity of children with active IFSP during FY 2003 is reported				
SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program				

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) BY AGE OF CHILD on 12/1/2002

AGE OF CHILD	Mora		New N	New Mexico	
AGE OF CHILD	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	
Less Than 1 year	^	٨	458	17.9	
1 to 2 years	0	0.0	707	27.6	
2 to 3 years	^	٨	1048	41.0	
3 years and older	^	٨	345	13.5	
Total	5	100.0	2558	100.0	

The age of child with an IFSP on December 1st as reported

^Statistics not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

Fiscal Year 2003 = July 01, 2002 to June 30, 2003

PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLMENT KINDERGARTEN THROUGH 8TH GRADE 2002-2003

GRADE	Mora Co.		New N	New Mexico	
GRADE	PRIVATE	PUBLIC	PRIVATE	PUBLIC	
Kindergarten	0	58	3,525	22,638	
1st Grade	0	64	2,667	23,706	
2nd Grade	0	53	2,738	23,550	
3rd Grade	0	61	2,601	24,012	
4th Grade	0	57	2,553	24,995	
5th Grade	0	64	2,554	25,310	
6th Grade	0	63	2,666	25,702	
7th Grade	0	63	2,628	25,425	
8th Grade	0	95	2,555	25,630	
Total	0	578	24,487	220,968	

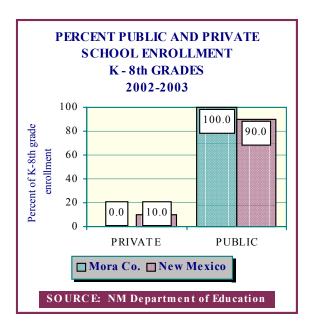
SOURCE: NM Department of Education

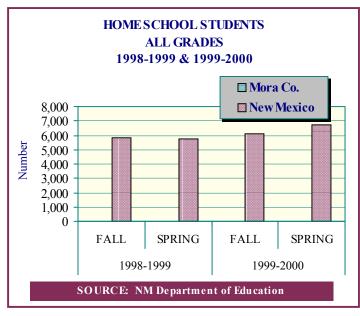
HOMESCHOOL STUDENTS ALL GRADES 1998-1999 & 1999-2000					
1998-1999 1999-2000					
FALL	SPRING	FALL	SPRING		
25	21	14	19		
New Mexico 5,796 5,728 6,080 6,732					
	ALL (1998-1999) 1998- FALL	ALL GRADES 1998-1999 & 1999-20 1998-1999 FALL SPRING 25 21	ALL GRADES 1998-1999 & 1999-2000 1998-1999 1999- FALL SPRING FALL 25 21 14		

NOTE: These are the number of home school students reporting to the New Mexico Department of Education.

SOURCE: NM Department of Education





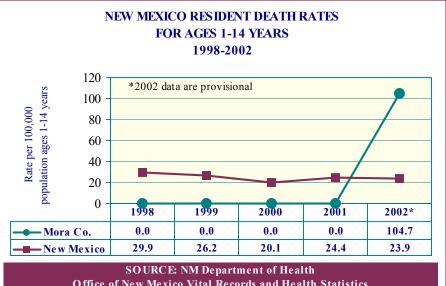


NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS FOR AGES 1-14 YEARS 1992-2002

Year	Mora Co.	New Mexico
1992	0	120
1993	0	133
1994	0	125
1995	0	123
1996	1	128
1997	0	106
1998	0	115
1999	0	100
2000	0	79
2001	0	94
2002*	1	92

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 1-14 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

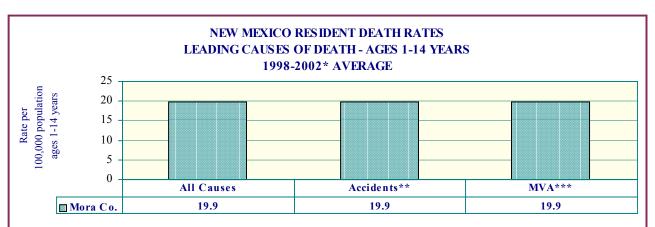
MORA COUNTY		NEW MEXICO			
Causes	Number	Rate	Causes	Number	Rate
All Causes	1	19.9	All Causes	480	24.4
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	1	19.9	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	190	9.7
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(1)	(19.9)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(128)	(6.5)
Congenital Malformations	0	0.0	Congenital Malformations	45	2.3

^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population ages 1-14 years. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios (CR) have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios. (The CR for Motor Vehicle Accidents = .8527).

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics



*2002 data are provisional. **Accidents are considered Unintentional Injuries. *** Motor Vehicle Accidents (MVA) are included in Accidents. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population. Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and

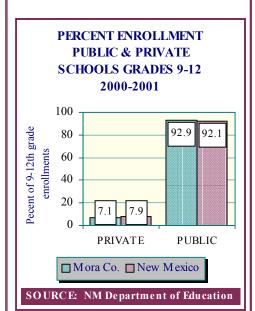
numbers may not be equal to those previously reported due to application of comparability ratios.

PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT **GRADES 9-12** SCHOOL YEARS 2000-2003 SCHOOL YEAR Mora Co. New Mexico 2000-2001 287 95,427 95,224 2001-2002 292 2002-2003 285 95,767 **SOURCE: NM Department of Education**

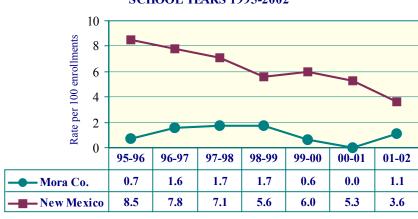
PRIVATE AND PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT GRADES 9 - 12 SCHOOL YEAR 2000-2001

GRADE	Mora Co.		New Mexico	
GRADE	PRIVATE	PUBLIC	PRIVATE	PUBLIC
9th	5	82	2,454	28,944
10th	4	85	2,092	25,476
11th	7	62	1,901	21,905
12th	6	58	1,690	19,102
Total	22	287	8,137	95,427

SOURCE: NM Department of Education



HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT RATE GRADES 9 - 12 SCHOOL YEARS 1995-2002



Rate calculated by dividing the number of dropouts by the number of students enrolled in grades 9-12 on the 40th day of enrollment. A dropout is a student who was enrolled in school the previous year, but did not enroll the following year and did not graduate or meet certain approved exclusions (e.g., transfer, illness).

SOURCE: NM Department of Education

HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS 2001-2002							
INSTITUTE	Mo	ra	New M	New Mexico			
INSTITUTE	2001	2002	2001	2002			
UNM	30	36	19751	20497			
UNM Gallup	0	0	2125	2485			
UNM Los Alamos	0	0	824	918			
UNM Medical School	3	2	263	268			
UNM Taos	12	21	1190	1349			
UNM Valencia	0	0	1563	1717			
NMSU	25	25	10897	11330			
NMSU Alamogordo	0	0	1300	1380			
NMSU Carlsbad	0	0	1028	1108			
NMSU Dona Ana	9	7	4342	4744			
NMSU Grants	0	0	619	640			
ENMU	4	7	3144	3120			
ENMU Roswell	1	0	3046	3536			
ENMU Ruidoso	0	0	752	751			
NMHU	135	126	2987	2841			
WNMU	0	1	2109	2277			
Other NM Institutions*	164	134	38739	41773			

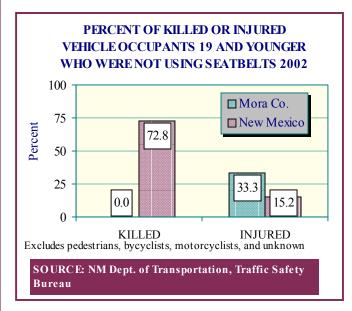
SOURCE: NM Commission on Higher Education

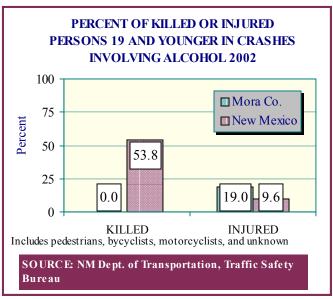
RESIDENT FALL ENROLLMENT TO NEW MEXICO

NOTE: Not all resident students report their original county of origin. In addition, out of state students are not included. Resident students attending school out of state are also not included. Counts reflect all students at a specific site, including extended services enrollments.

*Includes all other institutions of higher education not listed above, including community and technical colleges.

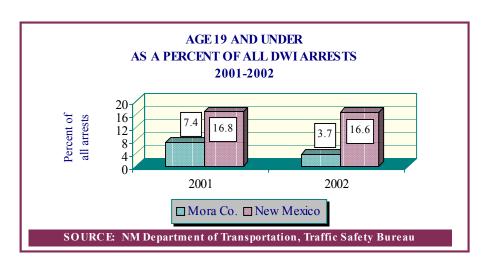
	YET Y ED				
	KILLED				
TOTAL NO BELT BELT			TOTAL	NO BELT	BELT
0	0	0	21	7	14
81	59	22	6,407	974	5,433
NOTE: Number excludes pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.					
ι	0 81 ides pedes	0 0 81 59 ides pedestrians, bicycli	0 0 0 81 59 22 ades pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyc	0 0 0 21 81 59 22 6,407 Ides pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, and unl	0 0 0 21 7 81 59 22 6,407 974





NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED FOR DRIVING WHILE IMPAIRED (DWI) 2001 & 2002						
	19 Years and Younger All Persons					
	2001 2002 2001 2002					
Mora Co.	4	2	54	54		
New Mexico	3,617 3,593 21,576 21,603					
SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau						





NEW MEXICO RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS AGE 15-17 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

	Number	Rate
Mora Co.	12	15.9
New Mexico	8,687	40.0

*2002 data are provisional

Rate is per 1,000 female population ages 15-17 years. Rate numerator was births to mothers age 15-17 years for 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was 2000 female population age 15-17.

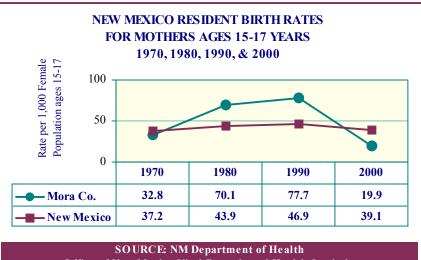
SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS FOR AGES 15-19 YEARS

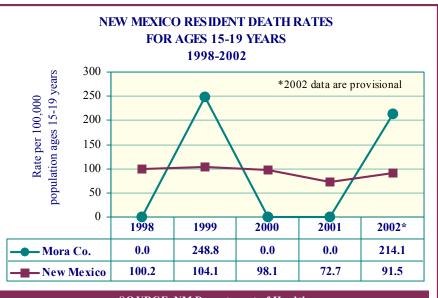
1992-2002

Year	Mora Co.	New Mexico		
1992	0	117		
1993	0	132		
1994	2	128		
1995	1	150		
1996	0	158		
1997	0	118		
1998	0	144		
1999	1	150		
2000	0	143		
2001	0	107		
2002*	1	136		
*2002 data are provisional				

SOURCE: NM Department of Health **ONMVRHS**



Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics



SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 15-19 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

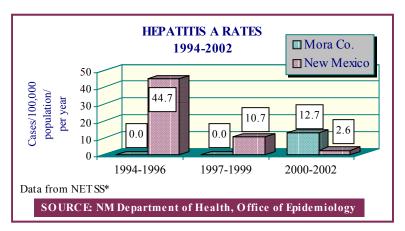
MORA COUNTY			NEW MEXICO		
Causes	Number	Rate	Causes	Number	Rate
All Causes	2	82.0	All Causes	680	93.3
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	1	41.0	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	312	42.8
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(1)	(41.0)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(235)	(32.2)
Other Diseases of Circulatory System	1	41.0	Assault (Homicide)	117	16.0
Assault (Homicide)	0	0.0	Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)	117	16.0
Malignant Neoplasms	0	0.0	Malignant Neoplasms	35	4.8

^{* 2002} data are provisional

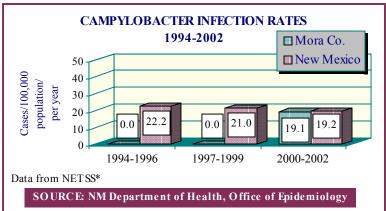
Rate per 100,000 population ages 15-19 years. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

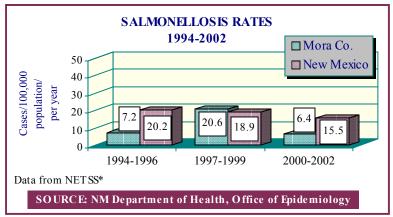
GASTROINTESTINAL DISEASES



HEPATITIS A NUMBER OF CASES						
Year Mora Co. New Mexico						
1994-1996	0	2,254				
1997-1999	0	557				
2000-2002	2	141				
Data from NETSS*						
	SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology					



CAMPYLOBACTER INFECTION NUMBER OF CASES						
Year Mora Co. New Mexico						
1994-1996	0	1,117				
1997-1999	0	1,093				
2000-2002	3	1,059				
Data from NETSS*						
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology						
0	Office of Epidemiology					



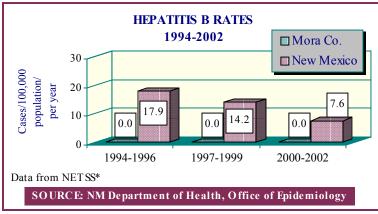
SALMONELLOSIS NUMBER OF CASES						
Year Mora Co. New Mexico						
1994-1996	1	1,016				
1997-1999	3	984				
2000-2002	1	856				
Data from NETSS*						
SOURCE: NM Department of Health						
Office of Epidemiology						

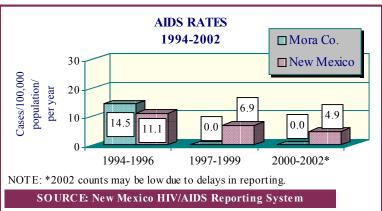
SHIGELLOSIS RATES 1994-2002 50 40 30 30 10 0.0 1994-1996 1997-1999	Mora Co. New Mexico 10.2 2000-2002				
Data from NETSS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology					

SHIGELLOSIS NUMBER OF CASES					
Year	Mora Co.	New Mexico			
1994-1996	0	1,900			
1997-1999	0	786			
2000-2002	0	560			
Data from NETSS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology					

*National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS)

BLOODBORNE DISEASES



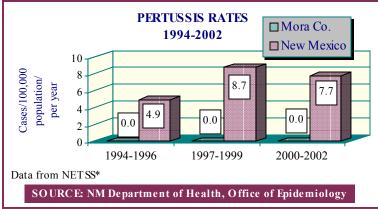


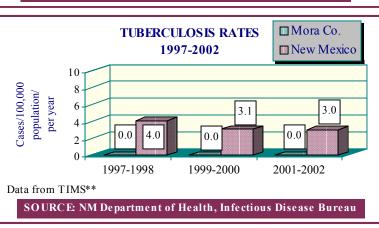
HEPATITIS B NUMBER OF CASES					
Year Mora Co. New Mexico					
1994-1996	0	905			
1997-1999	0	736			
2000-2002	0	419			
Data from NETSS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology					

*National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS)

AIDS NUMBER OF CASES				
Year Mora Co. New Mexico				
1994-1996	2	559		
1997-1999	0	357		
2000-2002*	0	270		
NOTE: *2002 counts may be low due				
to delays in reporting.				
SOURCE: New Mexico HIV/AIDS				
Reporting System				

RESPIRATORY DISEASES



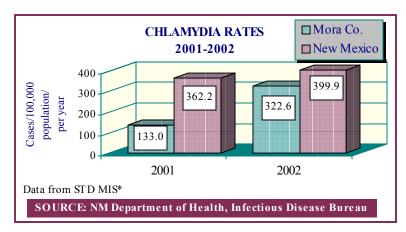


PERTUSSIS NUMBER OF CASES					
Year	Mora Co.	New Mexico			
1994-1996	0	247			
1997-1999	0	453			
2000-2002	0	426			
Data from NETSS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology					

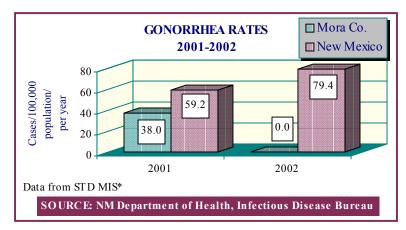
TUBERCULOSIS NUMBER OF CASES					
Year	Mora Co.	New Mexico			
1997-1998	0	139			
1999-2000	0	110			
2001-2002	0	111			
Data from TIMS**					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau					

**Tuberculosis Information Management System (TIMS)

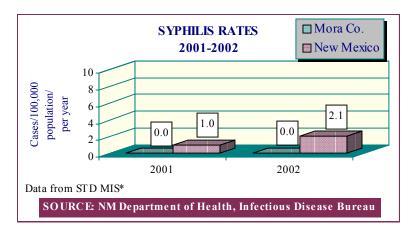
SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES



CHLAMYDIA NUMBER OF CASES					
Year Mora Co. New Mexico					
2001	7	6,669			
2002	17	7,419			
Data from STD MIS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau					



GONORRHEA NUMBER OF CASES					
Year	Mora Co.	New Mexico			
2001	2	1,090			
2002	0	1,472			
Data from STD MIS*					
SOURCE: NM Department of Health					
Infectious Disease Bureau					



S YPHILIS NUMBER OF CASES					
Year	Mora Co.	New Mexico			
2001	0	19			
2002	0	39			
Data from S	Data from STD MIS*				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau					

NOTE: The scales on the above graphs are not comparable.

*Sexually Transmitted Diseases Management Information Systems (STD MIS)

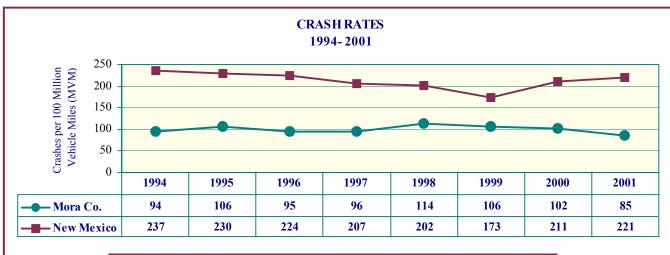
NUMBER OF FATAL AND INJURY CRASHES VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED, LICENSED DRIVERS AND ECONOMIC LOSS 2001



	NUMBER OF CRASHES		Licensed	Economic	100 MVM	
	Total	Fatal	Injury	Drivers	Loss *1000	Traveled
Mora Co.	123	2	41	3,368	\$20,352	1.5
New Mexico	50,236	415	17,879	1,225,793	\$3,537,921	227.1

NOTE: MVM = Million Vehicle Miles

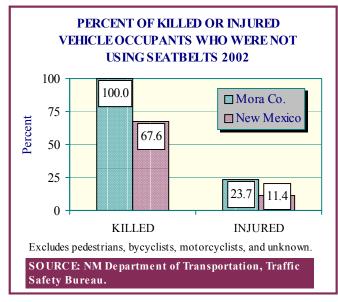
SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "New Mexico Traffic Crash Information", 2001 Report.

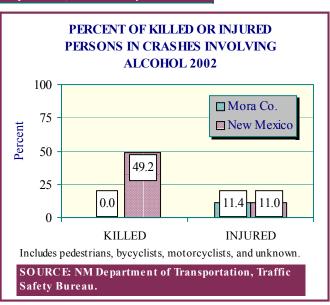


SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.

ALL PERSONS KILLED OR INJURED AS VEHICLE OCCUPANTS IN CRASHES BY SEATBELT STATUS 2002 KILLED **INJURED** TOTAL NO BELT BELT TOTAL NO BELT BELT Mora Co. 76 18 58 349 113 New Mexico 236 24,771 2,818 21,953 NOTE: Number excludes pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown

SOURCE: New Mexico Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.







ALCOHOL RELATED CRASHES NEW MEXICO - 2001

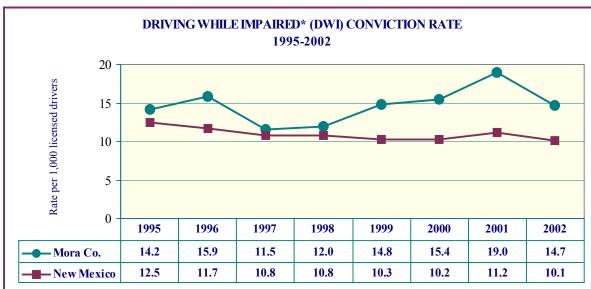
- 43 percent of all fatal crashes involved alcohol.
- A person died in an alcohol-involved crash every 44 hours.
- A person was injured in an alcohol-involved crash every 174 minutes.
- An alcohol-involved crash occurred every 147 minutes.

ALCOHOL INVOLVED CRASHES PERSONS INVOLVED AND DWI CONVICTIONS 2002

	CRASHES		PERSONS INVOLVED)
	Fatal	Injury	Killed	Injured	DWI Conviction*	DWI Rate
Mora Co.	0	8	0	9	50	14.7
New Mexico	198	1,774	221	2,921	12,544	10.1

*DWI convictions are those handed down during year listed. The citations which resulted in these convictions could have been issued prior to these years. Convictions are counted by county of driver's residence, not the county in which the citation was issued.

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "Driving While Impared", 2002 Report.



*DWI convictions are those handed down during year listed. The citations which resulted in these convictions could have been issued prior to these years. Convictions are counted by county of driver's residence, not the county in which the citation was issued.

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "Driving While Impared", various years.

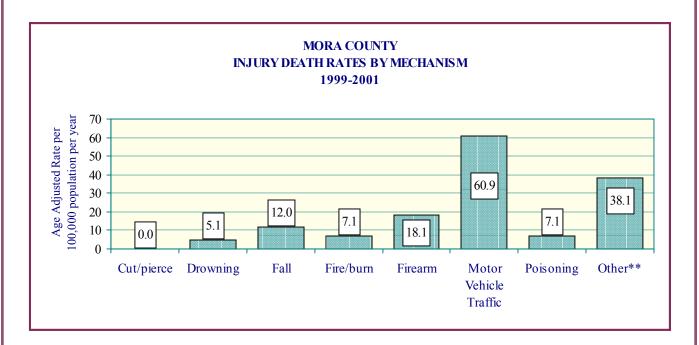
MORA COUNTY INJURY DEATHS BY MECHANISM 1999-2001					
Mechanism of Injury	Number of Deaths in 3 Years	Age Adjusted Rate/100,000* Per Year	New Mexico Age Adjusted Rate/100,000* Per Year		
Cut/pierce	0	0.0	1.8		
Drowning	1	5.1	1.4		
Fall	2	12.0	10.2		
Fire/burn	1	7.1	1.0		
Firearm	3	18.1	15.7		
Motor Vehicle Traffic	9	60.9	22.1		
Poisoning	1	7.1	17.0		
Other**	6	38.1	14.0		
All Injury	23	148.4	83.2		

NON-FATAL INJURY HOSPITALIZATIONS 1998-2000					
Number/Rate	Mora County	New Mexico			
Total Number of					
Hospital Discharges in					
3 Years	135	30,596			
Age Adjusted Rate per					
100,000* Population per					
Year	868.8	585.2			
NOTE: Injury as the principal diagnosis of discharge.					

* Rates are adjusted to the 2000 U. S. Standard

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

Population.



Note: Injury categories are from the "Preliminary External Cause of Injury Mortality Matrix for ICD-10," June 12, 2001 by Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control.

New Mexico Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology, Injury Epidemiology Unit Source: Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

^{*}Age-adjusted death rate adjusted to the 2000 U.S standard population. Age adjusted death rates weight the age-specific rates for a given population by the age distribution of a standard population, thereby enabling the direct comparison of rates between populations with differing age structures.

^{**} Other includes machinery, cyclist, pedestrian, natural /environmental, struck by/against, suffocation, other specified and unspecified categories.

CANCER INCIDENCE AMONG MALES NUMBER AND INCIDENCE RATE 1994-2000 AGGREGATE

Mo	ra	New Mexico		
NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	
75	404.7	23,565	468.7	
5	24.5	515	10.6	
12	67.6	2,482	50.4	
^	^	412	8.2	
^	^	52	1.1	
^	^	570	11.7	
5	26.7	3,053	62.2	
^	^	974	18.7	
^	^	51	1.0	
25	132.9	7,320	145.5	
^	^	1,324	27.4	
^	^	741	14.3	
^	^	912	17.8	
^	^	727	14.2	
14	81.2	4,432	85.3	
	NUMBER	75 404.7 5 24.5 12 67.6	NUMBER RATE NUMBER 75 404.7 23,565 5 24.5 515 12 67.6 2,482 ^ ^ 412 ^ ^ 52 ^ ^ 570 5 26.7 3,053 ^ ^ 974 ^ ^ 51 25 132.9 7,320 ^ ^ 741 ^ ^ 912 ^ ^ 727	

Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. (19 age groups) standard.

- ~ Statistic could not be calculated.
- ^ Statistic not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

SOURCE: New Mexico Tumor Registry, University of New Mexico

Colorectal Cancer Screening and Early Detection

Screening tests can reduce deaths from colorectal cancer by identifying polyps, which are tiny growths inside the colon, before they become cancerous. Screening also detects early cancers when treatment is most effective and survival rates are high.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov

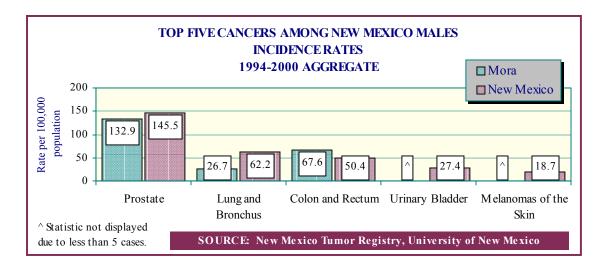
Prostate Cancer Fact

The American Cancer Society estimates that in 2003, 220,900 new cases of prostate cancer will be diagnosed and that 28,900 men will die of the disease in the United States.

Two methods for detecting prostate cancer are commonly used by clinicians:

- 1) Digital rectal examination (DRE)
- 2) Prostate-specific antigen (PSA)

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov



CANCER INCIDENCE AMONG FEMALES NUMBER AND INCIDENCE RATE 1994-2000 AGGREGATE								
SITE	Mo	ra	New N	lexico				
SHE	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE				
All Cancers	55	281.1	21,575	353.8				
Stomach	^	^	333	5.5				
Colon and Rectum	5	25.3	2,173	35.6				
Liver and Intrahepatic Bile Duct	^	^	211	3.4				
Gallbladder	^	^	113	1.8				
Pancreas	^	^	543	8.9				
Lung and Bronchus	^	^	2,208	36.0				
Melanomas of the Skin	^	^	745	12.2				
Breast	21	105.3	7,067	116.5				
Cervix	^	^	566	9.3				
Corpus and Uterus, NOS	^	^	1,116	18.3				
Urinary Bladder	^	^	484	7.9				
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	^	^	472	7.7				
Non-Hodgkins Lymphomas	^	^	759	12.5				
Leukemias	^	^	532	8.6				
All Other Cancers	10	51.5	4,253	69.5				

Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. (19 age groups) standard.

- ~ Statistic could not be calculated.
- ^ Statistic not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

SOURCE: New Mexico Tumor Registry, University of New Mexico

Breast Cancer Screening

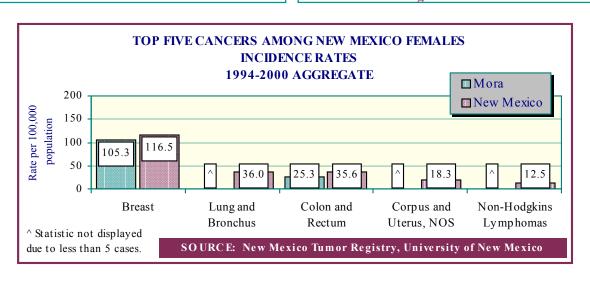
According to the American Cancer Society, an estimated 211,300 new invasive cases of breast cancer are expected to occur among women in the United States during 2003. Mammography is the best way to detect breast cancer in its earliest, most treatable stage, an average of 1.7 years before a woman can feel the lump. Mammography also locates cancers too small to be felt during a clinical breast examination.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov

Cervical Cancer Screening

Cervical cancer is nearly 100 percent preventable, yet according to the American Cancer Society, in 2003, an estimated 12,200 new cases of invasive cervical cancer will be diagnosed and about 4,100 women will die of the disease. The occurrence of deaths from cervical cancer has declined significantly over the past 40 years. This decline is largely attributed to the effectiveness of Pap test screening in detecting precancerous lesions and early stage cervical cancer.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov



MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES (MMDC)

➤ Hospitals use a classification scheme, called Major Diagnostic Categories (MDC), to group the diagnoses of patients upon their discharge from the hospital. Data shown in the following pages are based on a modification of the Major Diagnostic Categories. The Modified Major Diagnostic Categories (MMDCs) separates injuries and neoplasms into their own unique groupings while conventional MDCs distribute these diagnoses across other categories, which obscures their impact.

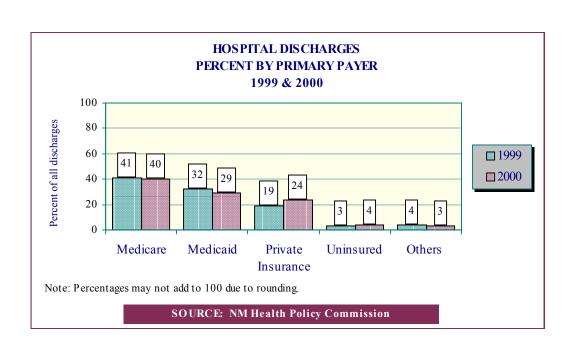
METHODOLOGY NOTES:

- The size of the county's population and the population demographics, such as average age of residents, should be taken into account in interpreting reported data.
- Indian Health Service facilities do not report discharge data to the New Mexico Health Policy Commission, the state agency that maintains the hospital discharge database. As such, counties with large Native American populations may have artificially lower rates.
- Only hospitalization to New Mexico hospitals are included. Counties bordering other states may have a significant number of hospitalization in other states.

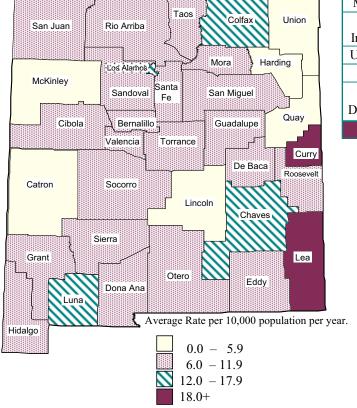
HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE DATA - Al	LL AGES
MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES	(MMDCs)
1999-2001	

MMDC	19	99	200	00	2001		
IVIIVIDC	Mora Co.	New Mexico	Mora Co.	Mora Co. New Mexico		New Mexico	
01: Nervous System	28	6,319	34	6,416	29	6,799	
02: Eye Diseases	6	639	3	386	1	205	
03: Ear, Nose, Mouth, Throat	4	1,879	2	1,612	2	1,702	
04: Respiratory System	70	17,875	57	15,151	55	15,329	
05: Circulatory System	53	20,349	88	20,923	76	20,629	
06: Digestive System	48	12,425	45	13,099	52	12,921	
07: Hepatobiliary System	22	5,084	15	5,306	25	5,343	
08: Musculoskeletal System	20	7,400	15	7,206	27	7,293	
09: Skin, Subcutaneous, Breast	11	2,272	5	2,392	3	2,583	
10: Endocrine, Metabolic	19	4,658	14	4,726	16	5,103	
11: Kidney & Urinary Tract	27	4,789	27	4,787	19	5,186	
12: Male Reproductive System	3	772	2	662	1	767	
13: Female Reproductive System	2	3,330	10	3,496	9	3,542	
14: Pregnancy, Childbirth	44	26,121	51	26,521	44	26,606	
15: Newborns, Neonates	49	23,859	55	24,401	47	24,567	
16: Blood & Blood Forming-Organs	6	1,052	2	1,170	9	1,253	
17: Myeloproliferative Diseases	28	8,616	23	8,345	30	8,118	
18: Infectious Diseases	13	2,128	6	1,795	3	1,915	
19: Mental Diseases	9	8,878	17	9,064	13	9,485	
20: Alcohol / Drug Abuse	3	3,295	1	2,957	3	2,909	
21: Injuries & Poisonings	54	14,682	53	14,193	57	14,113	
22: Burns	1	270	0	233	2	229	
23: Factors Influencing Health	9	4,148	5	4,274	6	4,387	
24: Multiple Trauma	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25: HIV	0	148	0	96	0	86	

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission



NEW MEXICO ASTHMA DISCHARGE DATA BY COUNTY 1998-2000



SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

HOSPITAL DISCHARGES BY PRIMARY PAYER 1999 & 2000

Davas	Mo	ora	New Mexico			
Payee	1999	1999 2000		2000		
Medicare	218	214	47,144	47,959		
Medicaid	172	155	39,147	39,468		
Private						
Insurance	101	128	71,401	74,271		
Uninsured	18	20	12,354	13,859		
Others	21	15	5,431	4,738		
Total						
Discharges	530	532	175,477	180,295		

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

NEW MEXICO ASTHMA HOSPITAL DISCHARGES* BY COUNTY 1998-2000

2330 2000						
	Number	Rate				
Mora Co.	9	6.0				
New Mexico	4,936	9.4				

*Primary discharges from non-Federal Hospitals Average rates per 10,000 population per year.

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

ESTIMATED DIABETES PREVALENCE
AMONG NEW MEXICO ADULTS
2002*

County	2002 Adult Population	Number of Adults with	Percentage of Adults with
County	2002 Addit 1 (partitud	Diabetes	Diabetes
Bernalillo	430,698	38,586	9.0%
Catron	2,844	228	8.0%
Chaves	43,413	3,806	8.8%
Cibola	18,460	1,960	10.6%
Colfax	10,765	951	8.8%
Curry	31,536	2,672	8.5%
De Baca	1,666	142	8.5%
Dona Ana	127,663	12,049	9.4%
Eddy	37,146	3,195	8.6%
Grant	22,677	2,022	8.9%
Guadalupe	3,513	352	10.0%
Harding	616	55	8.9%
Hidalgo	3,801	344	9.1%
Lea	39,662	3,451	8.7%
Lincoln	15,533	1,269	8.2%
Los Alamos	13,763	1,075	7.8%
Luna	18,007	1,639	9.1%
McKinley	47,057	5,630	12.0%
Mora	3,960	398	10.0%
Otero	43,945	3,827	8.7%
Quay	7,524	646	8.6%
Rio Arriba	29,687	3,093	10.4%
Roosevelt	13,160	1,109	8.4%
Sandoval	68,949	6,313	9.2%
San Juan	82,679	8,169	9.9%
San Miguel	22,029	2,197	10.0%
Santa Fe	103,491	9,359	9.0%
Sierra	10,497	859	8.2%
Socorro	13,177	1,246	9.5%
Taos	23,651	2,246	9.5%
Torrance	11,901	1,030	8.7%
Union	2,962	251	8.5%
Valencia	48,121	4,450	9.2%
New Mexico**	1,354,553	120,555	8.9%

^{*}County estimates were derived in the following manner: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS, 2002), a telephone survey of adults' (age 18 and over) health in New Mexico, was utilized to generate the racial/ethnic-specific diagnosed diabetes prevalence rates for the entire state. County populations were then obtained from the US Census Bureau (2002) by racial/ethnic group. The BRFSS rates were applied to these groups, generating an estimate of the number of American Indians, non-Hispanic Whites, Hispanics and Others (Asian/Pacific Islanders, non-Hispanic Blacks, and other) with diagnosed diabetes. The numbers were then combined to yield a total estimate of adults in each county with diagnosed diabetes. For those with undiagnosed diabetes, estimates by racial/ethnic group from NHANES III (National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey) were obtained from Harris, MI et al. (1998). The estimated numbers of adults with diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes were combined for the final estimate.

Source: Department of Health, Diabetes Prevention & Control Program

^{**}State estimates were derived in the following manner: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS, 2002) was utilized to generate an overall estimate of diagnosed diabetes among New Mexican adults. That is, in 2002, an estimated 6.2% of New Mexican adults indicated they had been diagnosed with diabetes. An estimate for undiagnosed diabetes (from NHANES III data) was obtained from Harris, MI et al. (1998). The estimated numbers of adults with diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes were combined for the final estimate. Note: adding up the county estimates will not result in the state estimate. For the state estimate, there was no initial stratification by race/ethnicity, it was simply a calculation of those with diabetes (all races) divided by those responding to the question.

HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE DATA					
MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES (MMDC)					
MORA COUNTY 1999-2001					

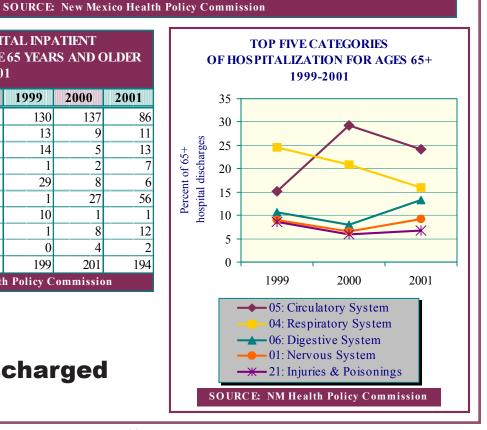
		1999			2000			2001	
MMDC		All	% All		All	% All		All	% All
	65+	Ages	Ages	65+	Ages	Ages	65+	Ages	Ages
01: Nervous System	18	28	64.3	13	34	38.2	18	29	62.1
02: Eye Diseases	1	6	16.7	1	3	33.3	0	1	0.0
03: Ear, Nose, Mouth, Throat	0	4	0.0	0	2	0.0	0	2	0.0
04: Respiratory System	49	70	70.0	42	57	73.7	31	55	56.4
05: Circulatory System	30	53	56.6	59	88	67.0	47	76	61.8
06: Digestive System	21	48	43.8	16	45	35.6	26	52	50.0
07: Hepatobiliary System	9	22	40.9	8	15	53.3	9	25	36.0
08: Musculoskeletal System	6	20	30.0	8	15	53.3	10	27	37.0
09: Skin, Subcutaneous, Breast	9	11	81.8	3	5	60.0	2	3	66.7
10: Endocrine, Metabolic	10	19	52.6	8	14	57.1	6	16	37.5
11: Kidney & Urinary Tract	8	27	29.6	10	27	37.0	7	19	36.8
12: Male Reproductive System	3	3	100.0	0	2	0.0	1	1	100.0
13: Female Reproductive System	1	2	50.0	1	10	10.0	2	9	22.2
14: Pregnancy, Childbirth	0	44	0.0	0	51	0.0	0	44	0.0
15: Newborns, Neonates	0	49	0.0	1	55	1.8	0	47	0.0
16: Blood & Blood-Forming Organs	4	6	66.7	2	2	100.0	8	9	88.9
17: Myeloproliferative Diseases	13	28	46.4	9	23	39.1	7	30	23.3
18: Infectious Diseases	7	13	53.8	2	6	33.3	1	3	33.3
19: Mental Diseases	0	9	0.0	0	17	0.0	0	13	0.0
20: Alcohol / Drug Abuse	1	3	33.3	1	1	100.0	0	3	0.0
21: Injuries & Poisonings	17	54	31.5	12	53	22.6	13	57	22.8
22: Burns	0	1	0.0	0	0		0	2	0.0
23: Factors Influencing Health	7	9	77.8	2	5	40.0	3	6	50.0
24: Multiple Trauma	0	0		0	0		0	0	
25: HIV	0	0		0	0		0	0	

MORA COUNTY HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE STATUS FOR AGE 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1999-2001

1/// 2001						
	1999	2000	2001			
Routine Discharge	130	137	86			
Transfer-Hospital	13	9	11			
Transfer-Skilled Nursing Facility	14	5	13			
Transfer-Intermediate Care Facility	1	2	7			
Transfer-Other	29	8	6			
Transfer-Home Care	1	27	56			
Left Against Medical Advice	10	1	1			
Died	1	8	12			
Other	0	4	2			
TOTAL DISCHARGED	199	201	194			

SOURCE: New Mexico Health Policy Commission





ADULT ABUSE CASES NUMBER AND TYPE OF INVESTIGATION Annual 2002

Residence				Substantiated Unsubstantiated Investigations		Total Investigations
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	
Mora Co.	4	57.1	3	42.9	7	
New Mexico	1475	29.2	3569	70.8	5,044	

Source: NM Children, Youth and Families Department Protective Services Division Fact Book, Fourth Quarter & Annual 2002

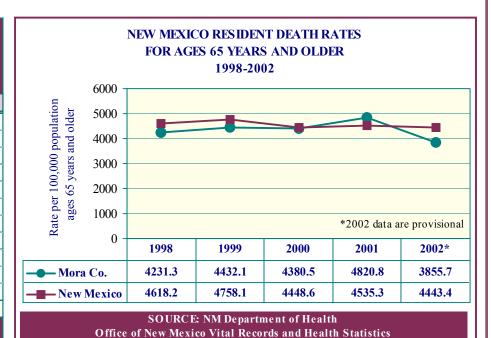


NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS AGES 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1992-2002

Year	Mora Co.	New Mexico
1992	34	7,600
1993	23	7,971
1994	27	8,368
1995	38	8,628
1996	38	8,663
1997	15	8,772
1998	30	9,100
1999	32	9,515
2000	35	9,441
2001	39	9,864
2002*	31	9,840

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1998-2002* AVERAGE

MORA COUNTY		NEW MEXICO			
Causes	Number	Rate	Causes	Number	Rate
All Causes	167	4180.2	All Causes	47,760	4500.9
Diseases of Heart	47	1171.8	Diseases of Heart	13,459	1268.4
Malignant Neoplasms	31	776.8	Malignant Neoplasms	10,313	971.9
Diabetes Mellitus	14	350.6	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	3,630	342.1
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	11	276.5	Cerebrovascular Diseases	3,407	321.1
Cerebrovascular Diseases	9	228.2	Diabetes Mellitus	1,969	185.5

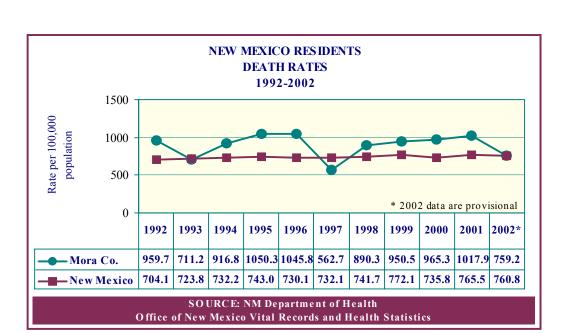
^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population ages 65 years and older. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS COUNTY AND STATE TOTALS 1992-2002											
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*
Mora Co.	41	31	41	48	50	27	43	47	50	53	40
New Mexico	11,130	11,689	12,106	12,500	12,456	12,613	12,858	13,433	13,384	14,016	14,114
* 2002 data are provisional											

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH 1998-2002* AVERAGE

MORA COUNTY			NEW MEXICO		
All Races/All Ages	Number	Rate	All Races/All Ages	Number	Rate
All Causes	233	899.6	All Causes	67,805	745.5
Diseases of Heart	55	211.6	Diseases of Heart	16,186	178.0
Malignant Neoplasms	45	174.0	Malignant Neoplasms	14,440	158.8
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	20	77.6	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	4,759	52.3
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	12	45.2	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(1,904)	(20.9)
Diabetes Mellitus	16	61.8	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	4,125	45.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	13	50.4	Cerebrovascular Diseases	3,890	42.8

^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

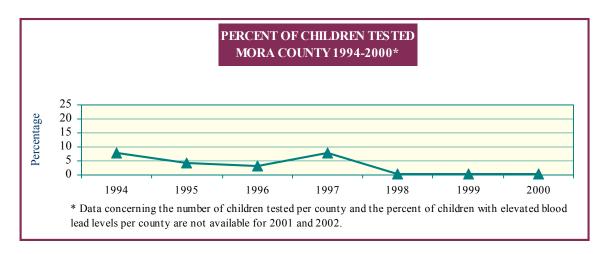
Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

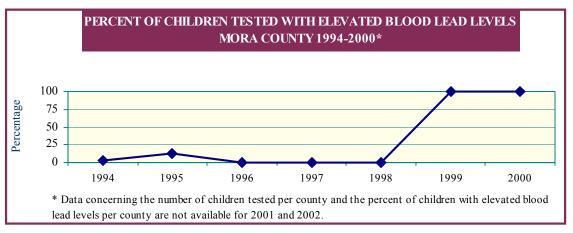
CHILDREN UNDER 6 WITH ELEVATED BLOOD LEAD LEVELS OF THOSE CHILDREN SCREENED, 2001-2002					
	2001	2002			
Mora Co.					
Number of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	0	0			
New Mexico					
Number of Children Screened	2,691	2,876			
Number of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	37	35			
Percent of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	1.4	1.2			
NO TE: Elevated Blood Lead Levels is defined as ≥ 10 µg/dl of blood.					

In Mora County, 44.5% of the houses were built prior to 1950. More than 27% pre-1950 housing in an area is considered a greater than average risk for lead poisoning in children.

- · Lead poisoning is the number one preventable environmental health problem for children under 6 years.
- · Risk factors for lead poisoning include older housing, poverty, and adult occupational exposure to lead.
- The only way to determine a child's lead level is with a blood lead test.
- The national estimate (1997) of children with an elevated blood lead level is 4.4%.

It is estimated that 60% to 80% of children with elevated blood lead levels are in the Medicaid population.² Note: Screening rates have declined significantly in New Mexico (NM) since the mid 1990's.





 $^{^{1} \}ge 10 \,\mu\text{g/dl}$ of blood (greater than or equal to 10 micrograms per deciliter of blood), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) identified level of concern.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology

² General Accounting Office (GAO) Report, 1999.

HEALTH CARE CLINICS							
FACILITY	PHONE	STREET ADDRESS	СІТҮ	STATE	ZIP		
Health Centers of NNM	(505)666-2288	604 Catron	Wagon Mound	NM	87752		
Mora Valley Community Health Services, Inc. (505)387-2201 Hwy 518 Mora NM 87732							
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District II Health Office							

MORA COUNTY SELECTED COMMUNITY PARTNERS FOR PUBLIC HEALTH					
COMMUNITY PARTNER	PHONE#				
DWI Mora County	(505) 387-5279				
Mora Valley Community Health Service INC	(505) 387-5069				
Mora/San Miguel Safe Kids Coalition	(505) 425-3566				
Mora/San Miguel Senior Citizens Incorporated	(505) 421-3670				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District II Health Office					

LICENSED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS BY COUNTY OF LICENSE 2002					
	Mora Co.	New Mexico			
Medical Doctor	0	5,809			
Medical Doctor Resident	0	1,144			
Physician Assistant	1	287			
Nurse (RN & LPN) 40 19,57					
Certified Nurse Midwives	0	148			
Licensed Midwives 0 79					
SOURCE: New Mexico Health Policy Commission					



ACTIVE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL BY GENDER AS OF AUGUST 20, 2003

Gender	Mora Co.	New Mexico
Male	7	4,574
Female	5	1,995
Unknown	0	72
Total	12	6,641

NOTE: There are personnel with current active licenses at more than on level in this snapshot. The actual state personnel total is 6,546.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health

ACTIVE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL BY LEVEL AS OF AUGUST 20, 2003

Level	Mora Co.	New Mexico
First Responder	4	760
Dispatcher	0	398
Dispatcher-Instructor	0	16
EMT-Basic	6	3,321
EMT-Intermediate	1	1,190
EMT-Paramedic	1	955
Total	12	6,641

NOTE: There are personnel with current active licenses at more than one level in this snapshot. The actual state personnel total is 6,546.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health



AGE-ADJUSTED—Weights the age-specific rates for a given population by the age distribution of a standard population, thereby enabling the direct comparison of rates between populations with differing age structures.

CHILDREN'S CHRONIC CONDITIONS REGISTRY—A registry of data on children with special needs; data are from programs and physicians who provide services to these children. Maintained by the New Mexico Department of Health.

COMPARABILITY RATIOS—With each revision of the *International Classification of Diseases (ICD)*, discontinuities are created in cause-of-death trend data. The classification and rule changes have a substantial impact as deaths that may have been coded to one category in the previous revision are coded to another category in the new revision. To compensate for these shifts, comparability (also called bridge-coding) studies are undertaken to determine the extent of comparability between the two revisions. As a result of these studies, comparability ratios are developed that reflect the degree of comparability between the two revisions.

CRUDE BIRTH RATE—Number of live births per 1,000 population.

CRUDE DEATH RATE—Number of deaths per 1,000 or 100,000 population.

D.W.I.—Driving While Impaired; the current legal limit for blood alcohol concentration is .08 for 21 and older, and .02 for younger than 21.

FERTILITY RATE—Number of live births per 1,000 women 15-44 years of age.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM (FSP)—The FSP is an entitlement program based on Federal rules and mandates. The purpose of the FSP is to increase food purchasing power and to supplement the nutrition level of eligible households. In addition, the FSP provides a nutrition education program to eligible households. Eligibility for participation in the FSP is based on a gross income test at 130% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for the size of the household. Eligibility is also based on a resource test; the household's liquid and nonliquid resources cannot exceed \$2000.00. Food stamp benefits are issued on a monthly basis through an electronic benefit transfer (EBT) system. The FSP has a change reporting and work requirement for adults in the household. Failure to report changes or comply with work requirements results in a reduction or closure of Food Stamp benefits. Under contract with another agency, the Department provides a free nutrition education program for Food Stamp applicants and recipients.

HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DATA—Data, such as diagnosis, gender, age, residence, on hospital inpatient discharges; collected by the NM Health Policy Commission from licensed, non-federal general and specialty hospitals.

INCIDENCE—Measure of the frequency at which new events/cases of a disease or condition occur in a specified population over a given time period.

INCIDENCE RATE—Number of new cases of disease/condition over a given time period (often, a year) that occur in a population at risk for that disease/condition (ergo number of new lung cancer cases per 100,000 persons in a year). An estimate of the risk of developing a disease/condition during a specified time period.

INFANT DEATH—Death of an infant under one year of age (neonatal + postneonatal).

INFANT MORTALITY RATE—Number of infant deaths per 1,000 (or 100,000) live births.

LIVE BIRTH—A birth that shows any sign of life after delivery.

LOW BIRTH WEIGHT—A live birth weighing less than 2500 grams (5-1/2 pounds).

MEDICAID—A federally and state-funded program to pay for medical and other services to eligible New Mexico citizens.

NEONATAL DEATH—Death of newborn under 28 days of age.

NEONATAL MORTALITY RATE—Number of neonatal deaths per 1,000 (or 100,000) live births.

NEURAL TUBE DEFECTS—Malformations of the spine and brain that arise in the first 29 days of pregnancy.

OCCURRENCE DATA—Data allocated by place where event occurred, regardless of the person's place of residence.

GLOSSARY CONTINUED

POPULATION ESTIMATE—Estimate of the number of persons for either a past or current time period.

POSTNEONATAL DEATH—Death of an infant of at least 28 days, but less than one year of age.

POSTNEONATAL MORTALITY RATE—Number of postneonatal deaths per 1,000 or (100,000) live births.

POVERTY—Poverty status is based on the 1964 Social Security Administration definition (modified in 1969 and 1980). At the core of this definition was the 1961 Department of Agriculture economy food plan, which arose from findings of a 1955 Department of Agriculture survey of food consumption. The 1955 findings showed that families of three or more spent about 1/3 of their income on food. Poverty status/level is tied to the cost of the economy food plan that is revised annually for cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index.

PRENATAL CARE—1) Level of Prenatal Care – categorization of prenatal care services into no/low, middle and high levels of care based on the number of visits and month care began (modified Kessner index). 2) Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index – an alternative measure of prenatal care utilization that adjusts for some of the weaknesses of the trimester care began and the Kessner index (Kotelchuck index).

RESIDENCE DATA—Data allocated by place of residence of the decedent (deaths) or by place of residence of the child's mother (births).

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT—The count of high school students on the current roll on the 40th official school day, by school district.

SUBSTANTIATED—Through the course of the investigation, the social worker determined that the child(ren) who is the subject of the report have been determined to have been the victim of abuse and/or neglect. In other words the allegations are true.

TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF)—TANF is the State-administered, county-operated, monthly cash assistance program funded by a Federal block grant under Title IV-A of the Social Security Act. In July 1997, TANF replaced the previous entitlement program known as Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC). The TANF program is not an entitlement program and has a 60-month term limit in New Mexico, which means that adults receiving assistance from the TANF block grant program can receive assistance for a 60 month maximum limit. TANF is available to both single and two-parent families. To receive TANF, there must be at least one dependent child (under age 18) in the home. TANF eligibility is based on a gross income test at 85% of the Federal Poverty Guideline for the size of the family. Eligibility is also based on a resource test; the family's liquid resources must be less than \$1500.00 and non liquid resources must be less than \$2000.00. Cash assistance is issued through an electronic benefit transfer system, similar to an ATM debit card. The TANF program has a mandatory change reporting and work requirement for adults and a mandatory school attendance requirement for dependent children. The adults in the family must cooperate with child support enforcement efforts on behalf of the dependent children. There are cash payment reductions for failure to comply with change reporting, work requirements, child support enforcement and school attendance.

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI)—Includes the earnings (wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income), dividends, interest, and rent, and transfer payments received by the residents of county. Data shown in thousands.

UNEMPLOYED—Based on monthly surveys, persons who did not work during a specified week but made specific efforts to find a job in the previous 4 weeks and were available for work. Also, persons who did not work, were available for work but were not actively seeking work because they (a) had been laid off and were waiting to be called back; or (b) were waiting to report to a job within 30 days. Does not include those no longer seeking work other than in situations (a) and (b).

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE—Number of persons unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

UNSUBSTANTIATED—Investigation indicates that the investigator was unable to determine that the allegation(s) were true.

VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT—A live birth weighing less than 1500 grams (about 2 lbs. 5 oz.) at birth.

W.I.C.—Women, Infants and Children; a federally-funded, special supplemental nutrition program administered by the New Mexico Department of Health and tribal agencies. Its purpose is to provide high-nutrient density food to promote optimal health outcome during the perinatal period. Services include food assistance, nutrition education and referral to health services.