SAN MIGUEL COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE

2003 NEW MEXICO COUNTY HEALTH PROFILES NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH PUBLIC HEALTH DIVISION OFFICE OF NEW MEXICO VITAL RECORDS AND HEALTH STATISTICS

Welcome to the fifth update of the New Mexico County Health Profiles. This publication is dedicated to users of county-level data as well as to those who contributed data, suggestions, interpretations, and comments. Thanks to so many of you, there are many improvements in this year's version. Some of you work in the Department of Health, but a great many of you work in other agencies and it is gratifying to be able to have collaborated with you.

As in prior versions, the latest data available from each source is used. Questions about the data, their collection, limitations, or interpretation should be directed to the appropriate data source. To aid in this, a source is listed at the bottom of each table throughout the profile.

The compilation of the Profiles is possible because of assistance and contributions from many agencies and data providers: NM Department of Health, District Health Offices, Diabetes Prevention and Control Program, Family Food and Nutrition Services, Family Health Bureau, Infectious Disease Bureau, Injury Prevention and EMS Bureau, Long Term Services Division, Family Infant Toddler Program, Behavioral Health, and Office of Epidemiology; NM Children, Youth and Families Department, Child Protective Services; NM Commission on Higher Education; NM Department of Education; NM Department of Labor; NM Health Policy Commission; NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau; NM Human Services Department, Income Support Division, Medical Assistance Division; University of New Mexico's Bureau of Business and Economic Research (BBER) and New Mexico Tumor Registry; Center for Disease Control's National Center for Health Statistics; US Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Bureau of Economic Analysis; and US Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Without outstanding assistance from the entire staff at the Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics, these profiles would not have been produced and we especially wish to thank: Mary M. Gonzales, John Hedrick, Brad Whorton, Brian Woods, Radha S. Biswas, Tony Ortiz, Renee Valencia, Michael Patterson, Veronica Tapia, Pete Varela, Rebecca Rodriguez, and Melinda Roybal.

Your comments are welcome. You may call 827-0167 to provide comments or suggestions for future reports.

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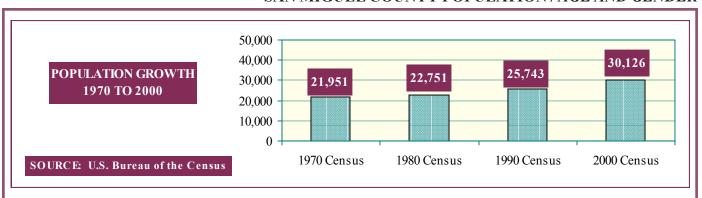
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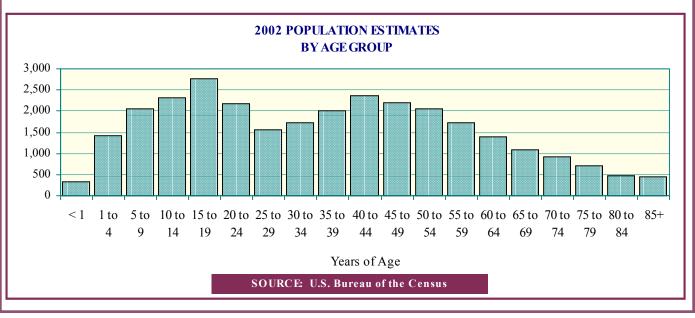
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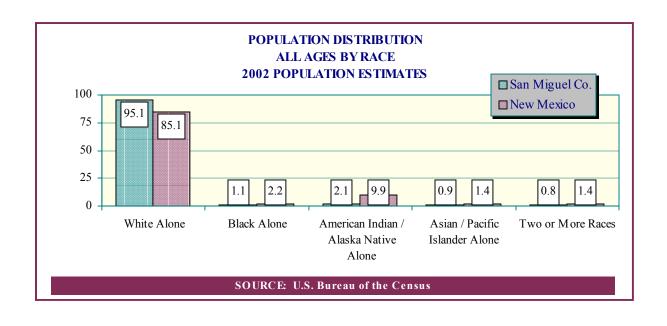
	2002 POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE AND GENDER													
Age Groups		Miguel Co	unty	I										
rige Groups	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both								
Less than 1 yr	155	170	325	13,746	13,361	27,107								
1 to 4 years	695	714	1,409	53,236	51,780	105,016								
5 to 9 years	1,050	1,000	2,050	67,768	65,647	133,415								
10 to 14 years	1,157	1,165	2,322	74,247	71,746	145,993								
15 to 19 years	1,427	1,326	2,753	76,356	72,288	148,644								
20 to 24 years	1,037	1,148	2,185	67,182	64,847	132,029								
25 to 29 years	736	827	1,563	56,796	56,273	113,069								
30 to 34 years	830	891	1,721	59,596	59,961	119,557								
35 to 39 years	1,009	1,001	2,010	64,222	65,623	129,845								
40 to 44 years	1,164	1,187	2,351	70,951	73,496	144,447								
45 to 49 years	1,117	1,076	2,193	66,325	70,011	136,336								
50 to 54 years	999	1,061	2,060	60,317	63,383	123,700								
55 to 59 years	839	876	1,715	47,075	50,411	97,486								
60 to 64 years	672	710	1,382	36,530	40,431	76,961								
65 to 69 years	557	528	1,085	30,979	34,231	65,210								
70 to 74 years	436	489	925	26,175	29,427	55,602								
75 to 79 years	318	384	702	19,298	25,786	45,084								
80 to 84 years	186	289	475	12,434	17,304	29,738								
85 and over	148	300	448	8,926	16,894	25,820								
All Ages	14,532	15,142	29,674	912,159	942,900	1,855,059								
	Sour	ce: U.S. Bu	reau of the	Census										



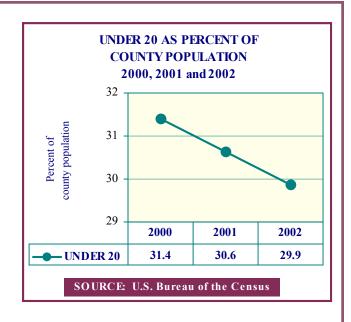
			POPULATIO SE AND RAO				
Age Groups	White	ONE l	RACE American Indian / Alas ka Native	Asian / Pacific Islander	Two or More Races	Total Population	His panic or Latino Ethnicity Any Race ^{/1}
Under 5 years	1,637	28	31	16	22	1,734	1,496
5 to 9 years	1,955	20	44	12	19	2,050	1,738
10 to 14 years	2,209	35	41	17	20	2,322	2,013
15 to 19 years	2,536	52	79	49	37	2,753	2,159
20 to 24 years	2,004	48	77	30	26	2,185	1,735
25 to 29 years	1,470	26	40	16	11	1,563	1,272
30 to 34 years	1,629	25	38	16	13	1,721	1,382
35 to 39 years	1,930	20	35	16	9	2,010	1,607
40 to 44 years	2,248	19	52	17	15	2,351	1,897
45 to 49 years	2,106	18	34	21	14	2,193	1,591
50 to 54 years	1,977	13	40	17	13	2,060	1,472
55 to 59 years	1,646	7	41	7	14	1,715	1,195
60 to 64 years	1,346	2	20	5	9	1,382	1,017
65 to 69 years	1,049	4	17	11	4	1,085	782
70 to 74 years	900	2	14	4	5	925	643
75 to 79 years	676	5	14	4	3	702	506
80 to 84 years	461	0	10	3	1	475	361
85 and over	442	1	3	0	2	448	334
All Ages	28,221	325	630	261	237	29,674	23,200

Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race. Adding the Hispanic or Latino population to the racial categories will result in double counting.

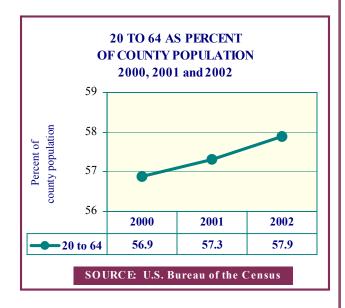
SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of the Census



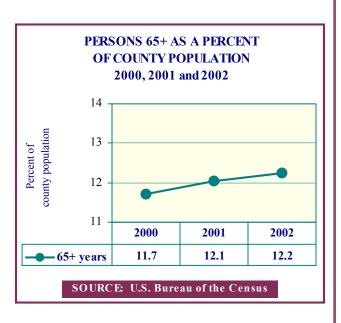
UNDER 20 POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002											
Age Groups 2000 2001 2002											
Under 5 years	1,960	1,827	1,734								
5 to 9 years	2,243	2,135	2,050								
10 to 14 years	2,473	2,370	2,322								
15 to 19 years	2,785	2,790	2,753								
Under 20 years	9,461	9,122	8,859								
County Population 30,126 29,782 29,674											
Source: U	J.S. Bureau o	of the Censu	S								

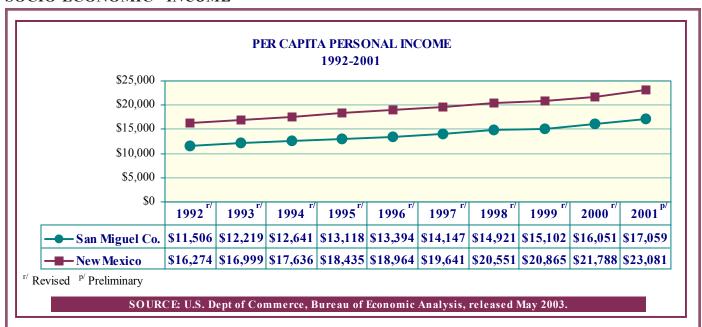


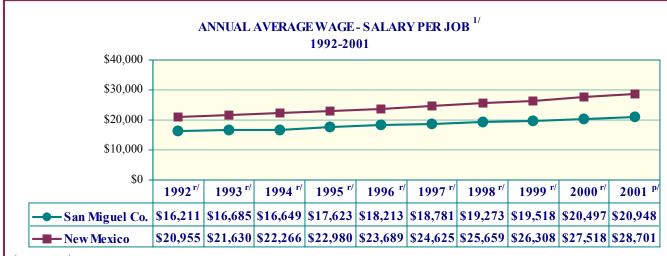
20 TO 64 POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002												
Age Groups	2000	2001	2002									
20 to 24 years	2,080	2,110	2,185									
25 to 29 years	1,723	1,616	1,563									
30 to 34 years	1,772	1,710	1,721									
35 to 39 years	2,289	2,163	2,010									
40 to 44 years	2,363	2,324	2,351									
45 to 49 years	2,092	2,153	2,193									
50 to 54 years	1,993	2,071	2,060									
55 to 59 years	1,551	1,598	1,715									
60 to 64 years	1,272	1,326	1,382									
20 to 64 years	17,135	17,071	17,180									
County Population	30,126	29,782	29,674									
Source: U	J.S. Bureau o	of the Censu	S									



65 AND OLDER POPULATION 2000, 2001 and 2002												
Age Groups 2000 2001 2002												
1,042	1,056	1,085										
889	910	925										
704	707	702										
441	471	475										
454	445	448										
3,530	3,589	3,635										
65 years and older 3,530 3,589 3,63 County Population 30,126 29,782 29,65												
	2000 1,042 889 704 441 454 3,530	2000 2001 1,042 1,056 889 910 704 707 441 471 454 445 3,530 3,589										







r/ Revised p/ Preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, released December 2002.



r/ Revised p/ Preliminary

See glossary for definition of Total Personal Income

SOURCE: U.S. Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, released May 2003.

^{1/} The employment estimates used to compute the average wage are a job, not person, count.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC - UNEMPLOYMENT / TANF / FOOD STAMPS / MEDICAID / POVERTY



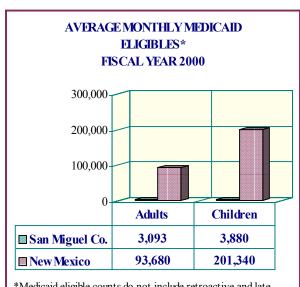
AVERAGE MONTHYLY TANF AND FOOD STAMPS CASES FISCAL YEAR 2003 (7/02 - 6/03)

Supplement	San Mig	guel Co.	New Mexico			
Supprement	Number	Percent*	Number	Percent*		
TANF	383	1.3	16,382	0.9		
Food Stamps	2,149	7.2	72,411	3.9		

^{*}Percent of county's estimated 2002 population.

NOTE: Starting July 1, 1999, changes were made in the methodology for counting TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) caseloads. Caution should be used when comparing data to previous fiscal years.

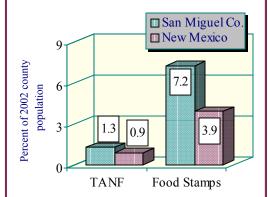
SOURCE: NM Human Services Department, Income Support Division.



^{*}Medicaid eligible counts do not include retroactive and late reported eligibility. Figures subject to change.

SOURCE: NM Human Sevices Department Income Support Division

AVERAGE MONTHLY PERCENT TANF AND FOOD STAMP CASES FISCAL YEAR 2003



TANF = Temporary Assistance for Needy Families.

SOURCE: NM Human Services Department Income Support Division.

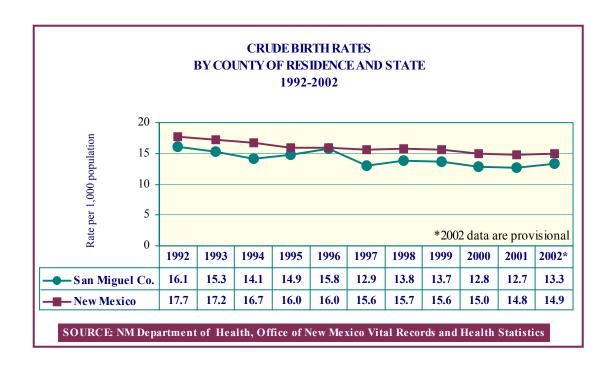
ESTIMATED NUMBER AND PERCENT OF PEOPLE IN POVERTY 1999

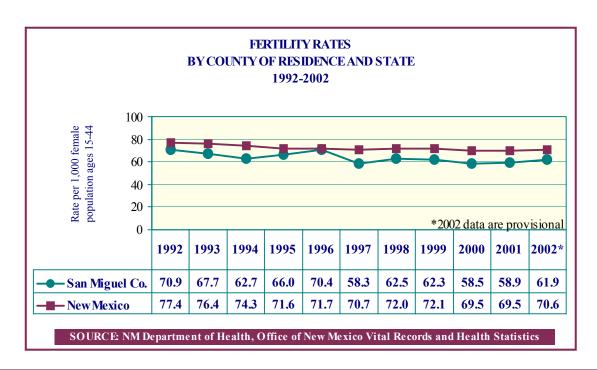
Ago	San Mig	guel Co.	New Mexico		
Age	Number	Percent*	Number	Percent*	
All Ages in Poverty	6,790	23.3	326,223	18.2	
Children age < 18 years	2,565	31.9	133,194	26.4	
Related children ages					
5-17 years	1,784	29.6	92,333	25.0	

See glossary for definition of poverty. *Percent of Specified Age Group.

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, "Estimates Model 1999."

	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE AND STATE 1992-2002														
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*				
San Miguel Co.	437	420	395	425	458	373	396	389	385	379	395				
New Mexico	27,910	27,831	27,585	26,914	27,216	26,844	27,294	27,133	27,206	27,101	27,708				
*2002 data are p	*2002 data are provisional														
SOUR	CE: NM D	epartmei	nt of Heal	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics											





	SAN MIGUEL COUNTY RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002														
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*				
15-19	78	84	83	98	91	78	88	74	99	69	74				
20-24	136	152	123	126	133	128	123	128	107	134	145				
25-29	123	88	91	99	123	82	93	94	89	97	86				
30-34	68	67	70	67	66	59	52	56	49	49	53				
35-39	26	20	21	24	34	20	31	31	30	23	33				
40-44	4	6	4	9	6	5	8	5	9	7	1				
*2002 data	a are provis	2002 data are provisional													

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

	SAN MIGUEL COUNTY RESIDENT BIRTH RATES** BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002														
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*				
15-19	61.8	65.3	62.6	69.5	63.5	55.6	62.8	53.4	71.1	50.1	55.8				
20-24	140.4	155.4	123.9	120.3	125.6	121.9	117.5	124.3	100.5	123.0	126.3				
25-29	133.8	101.0	108.3	122.1	152.2	103.4	116.7	117.5	97.7	112.9	104.0				
30-34	65.0	64.2	67.1	65.7	66.8	62.8	59.2	67.3	53.4	55.0	59.5				
35-39	25.6	19.2	19.4	21.7	29.9	17.9	27.9	28.5	26.4	21.5	33.0				
40-44	4.2	6.1	3.9	8.6	5.6	4.6	7.2	4.5	7.8	6.1	0.8				
*2002 data	a are provis	sional	*2002 data are provisional **Rate per 1,000 women in specified group												

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

	NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTH RATES** BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002													
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
15-19	79.8	80.7	77.2	74.3	70.8	68.0	69.1	67.2	65.5	63.1	62.3			
20-24	153.9	150.4	142.2	134.0	135.0	133.6	135.8	137.6	136.1	134.2	132.1			
25-29	129.0	131.7	129.7	125.5	131.8	129.8	132.1	128.0	117.0	119.3	123.3			
30-34	75.8	74.7	76.5	77.2	76.6	79.1	79.6	82.7	77.2	77.2	79.1			
35-39														
40-44	40-44 6.9 5.9 7.0 6.6 7.4 7.0 6.8 7.1 7.6 7.5 7.1													
*2002 data	are provis	ional	**Rate ne	r 1.000 wor	nen in spec	cified group)							

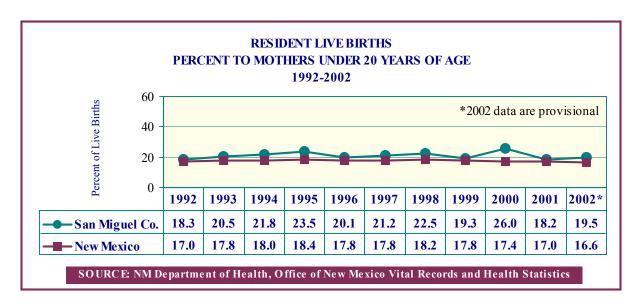
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

	UNITED STATES BIRTH RATES* BY AGE OF MOTHER 1992-2002													
AGE	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002			
15-19	60.7	59.6	58.9	56.8	54.4	52.3	51.1	49.6	47.7	45.3	43.0			
20-24	114.6	112.6	111.1	109.8	110.4	110.4	111.2	111.0	109.7	106.2	103.6			
25-29	117.4	115.5	113.9	112.2	113.1	113.8	115.9	117.8	113.5	113.4	113.6			
30-34	80.2	80.8	81.5	82.5	83.9	85.3	87.4	89.6	91.2	91.9	91.5			
35-39	32.5	32.9	33.7	34.3	35.3	36.1	37.4	38.3	39.7	40.6	41.4			
40-44	40-44 5.9 6.1 6.4 6.6 6.8 7.1 7.3 7.4 8.0 8.1 8.3													
* Data nar	· 1 000 wome	n in cnoo	ified group											

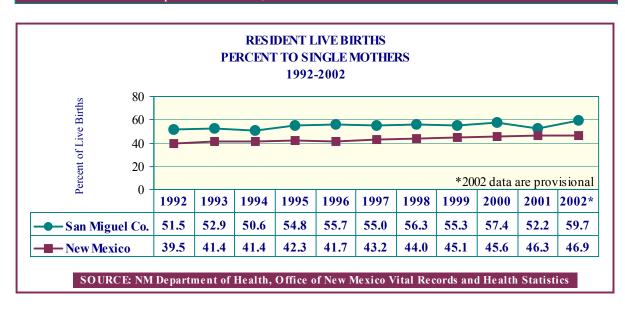
* Rate per 1,000 women in specified group.

SOURCE: CDC's, National Center for Health Statistics: NVSR Volume 52, Number 10.

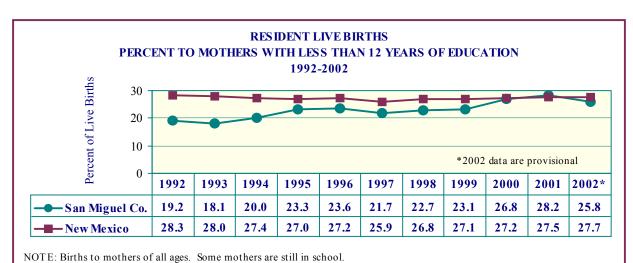
	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS UNDER 20 YEARS OF AGE 1992-2002																
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*						
San Miguel Co.	80	86	86	100	92	79	89	75	100	69	77						
New Mexico	4,749	4,965	4,964	4,950	4,850	4,789	4,964	4,841	4,728	4,603	4,592						
*2002 data are provisional																	
SC	OURCE: N	M Dept.	of Health	, Office o	SOURCE: NM Dept. of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics												



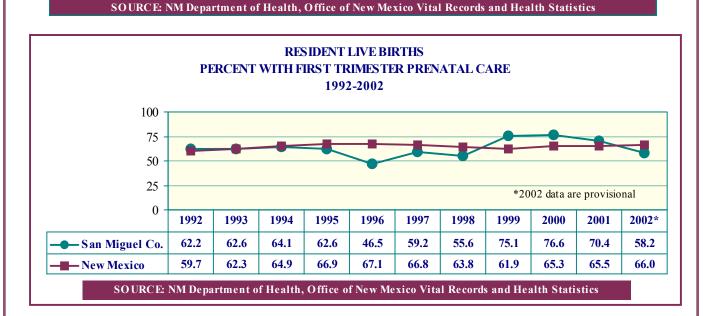
	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO SINGLE MOTHERS 1992-2002													
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*			
San Miguel Co.	225	222	200	233	255	205	223	215	221	198	236			
New Mexico	11,021	11,522	11,408	11,388	11,347	11,590	12,021	12,236	12,400	12,549	12,984			
*2002 data are p	rovisional													
SOU	RCE: NM I	Departme	nt of Hea	lth, Offic	ce of New	Mexico V	ital Recor	ds and H	ealth Stat	tistics				



RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS WITH LESS THAN 12 YEARS OF EDUCATION 1992-2002													
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*		
San Miguel Co.	84	76	79	99	108	81	90	90	103	107	102		
New Mexico	7,898	7,806	7,545	7,269	7,415	6,961	7,309	7,342	7,408	7,459	7,679		
*2002 data are pro	2002 data are provisional NOTE: Births to mothers of all ages. Some mothers are still in school.												
so	SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics												



RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS WITH FIRST TRIMESTER PRENATAL CARE 1992-2002													
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*		
San Miguel Co.	272	263	253	266	213	221	220	292	295	267	230		
New Mexico	16,656	17,344	17,893	18,011	18,264	17,932	17,411	16,790	17,757	17,741	18,293		
*2002 data are pro	visional												

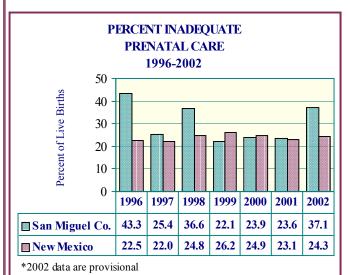


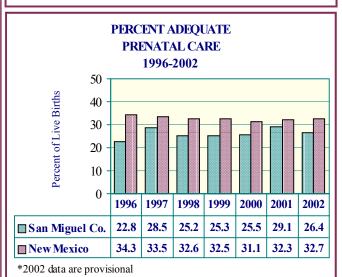
KESSNER INDEX VERSUS KOTELCHUCK INDEX

Both the Kessner Index and the Kotelchuck Index utilize the month of pregnancy in which prenatal care began and the number of prenatal visits. The Kessner Index relies very heavily on the timing of the initiation of prenatal care. For example, inadequate prenatal care is defined as no prenatal care or care beginning in the third trimester. The Kessner Index has been modified by most states to allow for insufficient visits even when care was initiated early. The exact combination varies from state to state so that there is no standard modified Kessner.

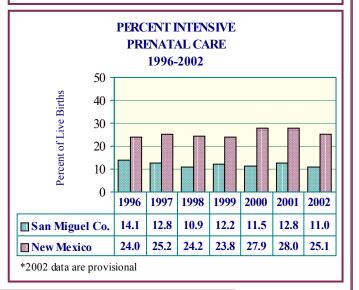
The Kotelchuck Index is more sophisticated and uses two dimensions, the timing of the initiation of care and the adequacy of services received (ratio of observed visits to expected visits), which are combined into a single summary index.

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS ADEQUACY OF PRENATAL CARE UTILIZATION (Kotelchuck Index) 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002* **Inadequate Care** 138 83 San Miguel Co. 188 89 87 142 New Mexico 5,811 5,541 6.284 6.499 6.333 5.854 6.321 Intermediate Care 98 San Miguel Co. 86 103 127 117 152 146 New Mexico 4,943 4,845 4,660 4,331 4,122 4.187 4.663 Adequate Care San Miguel Co. 99 100 95 107 101 New Mexico 8,826 8,417 8,239 8,052 7,915 8,165 8,498 **Intensive Care** San Miguel Co. 45 47 61 41 46 43 42 7,097 New Mexico 6,182 6,341 6,109 5,885 7.090 6,526 * 2002 data are provisional SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS









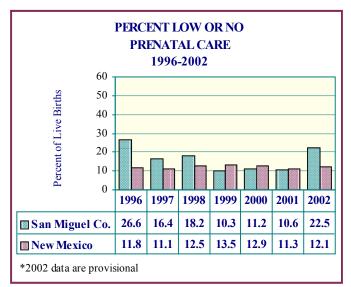
RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS LEVEL OF PRENATAL CARE (Modified Kessner Index) 1996-2002													
1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*							
	L	owor N	o Pren	atal Ca	re								
122	61	72	40	43	40	89							
3,203	2,973	3,413	3,665	3,523	3,065	3,356							
Mew Mexico 3,203 2,973 3,413 3,665 3,523 3,065 3,356 Mid-Level Prenatal Care													
174	126	164	184	178	168	149							
8,337	8,166	8,551	8,258	8,045	8,190	8,485							
		High I	Prenata	l Care									
141	165	141	153	153	160	146							
14,331	14,139	13,476	13,025	14,035	14,164	14,284							
	U	nknow	n Prena	ıtal Car	·e								
21	21	19	12	11	11	11							
San Miguel Co. 21 21 19 12 11 11 11 New Mexico 1,345 1,566 1,854 2,185 1,603 1,682 1,581													
* 2002 data are provisional													
	1996 122 3,203 174 8,337 141 14,331 21 1,345 provisio	(Modified 1997 1996 1997 LA 122 61 3,203 2,973 N 174 126 8,337 8,166 141 165 14,331 14,139 U 21 21 1,345 1,566 provisional	Modified Kessne 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 Lowor N 122 61 72 3,203 2,973 3,413 Mid-Lew 174 126 164 8,337 8,166 8,551 High I 141 165 141 14,331 14,139 13,476 Unknow 21 21 19 1,345 1,566 1,854 provisional	Modified Kessner Index 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 1999	Nodified Kessner Index 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000	Modified Kessner Index 1996-2002 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001							

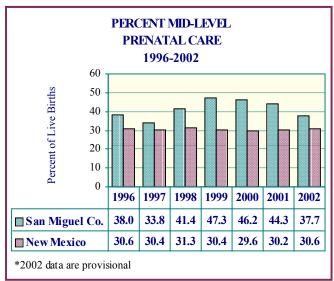
MODIFIED KESSNER INDEX CLASSIFICATIONS OF LEVELS OF PRENATAL CARE												
NUMBER		MO N	TH CARE	BEGAN								
OF PRENATAL VISTIS	1-3	4-6	7-9	NO NE (0)	UNKNOWN							
9+	Н	M	L	L	?							
5-8	M	M	L	L	?							
1-4	L	L	L	L	L							
NO NE	L	L	L	(NO NE) L	L							
UNKNO WN	?	?	L	L	?							

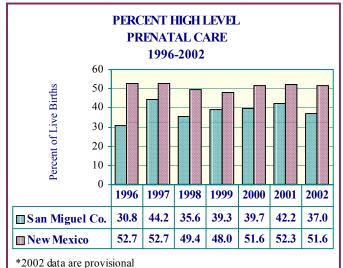
HIGH (OPTIMUM) LEVEL MID-LEVEL

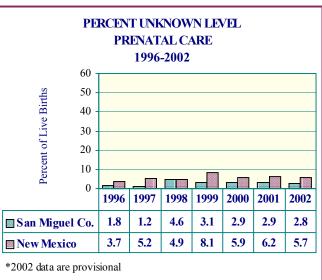
Н LOW or NO LEVEL L М

UNKNOWN LEVEL ?







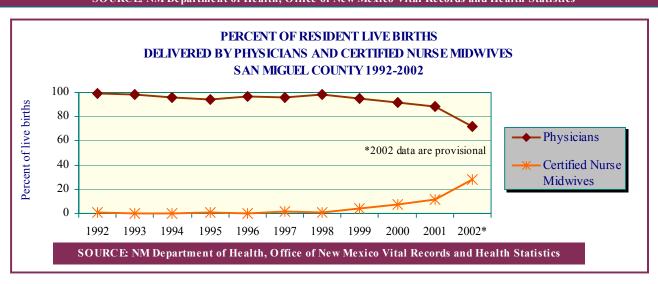


RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY TYPE OF ATTENDANT 1992-2002														
Physician														
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002*														
San Miguel Co.	433	414	380	400	444	357	391	371	354	334	284			
New Mexico	23,454	22,492	22,309	21,965	22,101	21,387	20,932	19,696	19,407	19,063	19,231			
	Certified Nurse Midwife													
San Miguel Co.	2	1	0	5	1	5	3	15	28	44	111			
New Mexico	3,977	4,756	4,738	4,474	4,622	5,040	5,912	7,011	7,338	7,619	7,937			
					L	ay Midwife	2							
San Miguel Co.	48	57	57	67	55	49	46	33	2	0	0			
New Mexico	286	293	292	272	254	240	248	269	290	268	336			
	•	•	•	-	•	Other	•	•	•	•				
San Miguel Co.	San Miguel Co. 1 0 4 2 0 2 0 1 1 1 1 0													
New Mexico	193	290	246	203	239	177	202	157	171	151	204			

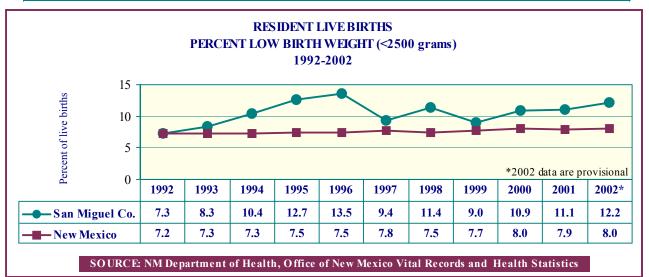
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

PERCENT OF RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY TYPE OF ATTENDANT 1992-2002

	Physician												
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*		
San Miguel Co.	99.1	98.6	96.2	94.1	96.9	95.7	98.7	95.4	91.9	88.1	71.9		
New Mexico	84.0	80.8	80.9	81.6	81.2	79.7	76.7	72.6	71.3	70.3	69.4		
	Certified Nurse Midwife												
San Miguel Co.	0.5	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.2	1.3	0.8	3.9	7.3	11.6	28.1		
New Mexico	14.2	17.1	17.2	16.6	17.0	18.8	21.7	25.8	27.0	28.1	28.6		
		·	·	•	L	ay Midwif	e		·	·			
San Miguel Co.	11.0	13.6	14.4	15.8	12.0	13.1	11.6	8.5	0.5	0.0	0.0		
New Mexico	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2		
			•		•	Other		_					
San Miguel Co.	0.2	0.0	1.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0		
New Mexico	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7		
*2002 data are p	rovisional												



	RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (< 2500 grams) 1992-2002														
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*				
San Miguel Co.	32	35	41	54	62	35	45	35	42	42	48				
New Mexico	2,014	2,032	2,023	2,017	2,041	2,086	2,042	2,078	2,180	2,147	2,224				
*2002 data are pr	2002 data are provisional														
SOUP	RCE: NM I	Departme	nt of Hea	ılth, Offic	e of New	Mexico V	ital Reco	rds and H	ealth Sta	tistics					



Low Birth Weight

Low birth weight (LBW) is defined as an infant weight of less than 2,500 grams (5 1/2 lbs) at the time of delivery. Birth weight is one of the most important factors in determining the survival and health of an infant. Low birth weight is a public health problem since infants born LBW have increased infant mortality, morbidity, incidence of learning disabilities, and medical costs. Nationally, the risk factors for LBW include maternal age of less than seventeen and greater than 34 years, Black race/ethnicity, low socioeconomic status, single marital status, lower levels of maternal education, smoking, inadequate weight gain, low pre-pregnancy weight, and a variety of medical risk factors (Source: Data to Action).

Smoking, which retards fetal growth, is the single largest modifiable risk factor for LBW and infant mortality. It is estimated to account for 20 to 30% of all LBW births.

RES IDENT LIVE BIRTHS HIGH BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (4090+ grams, 9 pounds) 1994-2002

	1994-	1996	1997	-1999	2000-2002*		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
San Miguel Co.	42	3.3	31	2.7	26	2.2	
New Mexico	4,010	5.2	3,810	4.9	3,674	4.7	

*2002 Data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT BIRTHS (< 1500 grams) 1994-2002

	1994-1996		1997-	-1999	2000-2002*		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
San Miguel Co.	26	2.0	7	0.6	9	0.8	
New Mexico	894	1.1	880	1.1	1,005	1.2	

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS

High Birth Weight

A woman with a history of gestational diabetes or delivery of a baby weighing >9 pounds is at risk of developing type 2 diabetes. In addition, if the baby has macrosomia (generally defined as a weight of 4000 g or more), he or she is at risk for obesity and also for developing type 2 diabetes later on in life. It should be noted that there is no widely agreed-upon weight definition. Any evaluation of fetal weight must be considered in the context of gestational age.

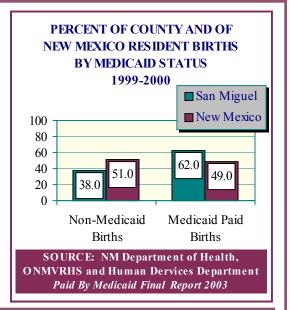
Sources: "Diabetes in the Life Cycle and Research," Vol. 4. 2003. Editor M. Franz. Published by the American Association of Diabetes Educators, Chicago Illinois. Diabetes Care Journal, Supplement 1, January 2003 Vol. (26).

MATERNAL AND INFANT HEALTH - MEDICAID BIRTHS / SUPPLEMENTAL PROGRAMS / FEMALE POPULATION

Medicaid is a Federal-State matching entitlement program that pays for medical assistance. Originating in 1965 as Title XIX of the Social Security Act, it was created as a medical extension of the federally funded cash income assistance program emphasizing care for dependent children and their mothers, the disabled, and the elderly.

Federal and state initiatives intending to expand access to maternity and child health care have resulted in dramatic changes in policy and manner of health care delivery. Federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Acts (OBRA) of 1986, 1987, and 1989 required states to grant Medicaid eligibility/coverage for pregnant woman and infants, ultimately, at or below the 133% of federal poverty levels, and allow for eligibility up to 185%. The State of New Mexico followed this progression and complimented the initiatives by extending eligibility up to 225% of federal poverty levels.

Statewide, Medicaid paid for 49% of births.



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTHS BY MEDICAID STATUS 1999-2000

Residence	Non- Medicaid Births	Medicaid Paid Births	Total Births	
San Miguel	294	480	774	
New Mexico	27,710	26,600	54,310	

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS and Human Services Department

Paid By Medicaid Final Report 2003

Compared to mothers of children whose births were not paid by Medicaid, Medicaid mothers in New Mexico tended to:

- Be younger;
- Be White Hispanic;
- Have fewer years of education;
- Have lower levels of prenatal care;
- Be outside of the major metropolitan areas;
- Be more at risk for preterm and low weight births.

WOMEN, INFANT & CHILDREN (WIC) PROGRAM & COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM (CSFP) POTENTIAL ELIGIBLES FISCAL YEAR 2001 Estimated **CSFP** Percent Potential WIC **Eligible Recipients Recipients** Served San Miguel Co. 1,740 1,143 45 68.3

> SOURCE: NM Department of Health Family Food & Nutrition Services, WIC Program

55.934

4.889

96,571

New Mexico

PERCENT OF ALL NEW MEXICO
WIC AND CSFP
ESTIMATED ELIGIBLES
FISCAL YEAR 2001

1.8

98.2

San Miguel Co. All Other Counties

SO URCE: NM Department of Health
Family Food & Nutrition Sevices, WIC Program

SAN MIGUEL FEMALE POPULATION AGES 15-44 2000, 2001 and 2002								
Age Groups	2000	2001	2002	Age Groups	2000	2001	2002	
15 to 19 years	1,393	1,376	1,326	35 to 39 years	1,138	1,070	1,001	
20 to 24 years	1,065	1,089	1,148	40 to 44 years	1,157	1,147	1,187	
25 to 29 years	911	859	827	15 to 44 years	6,581	6,432	6,380	
30 to 34 years	917	891	891					
Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census								

63.0

RESIDENT INFANT DEATHS NEONATAL AND POSTNEONATAL MORTALITY RATES 1993-1997 & 1998-2002 AVERAGE

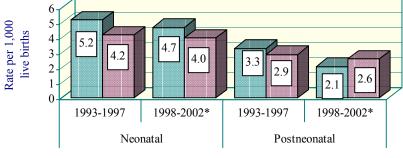
	All Infan	t Deaths	Neo	natal	Postneonatal		
	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	
San Miguel Co.	8.5	6.8	5.2	4.7	3.3	2.1	
New Mexico	7.1	6.6	4.2	4.0	2.9	2.6	

^{* 2002} data are provisional.

Rate per 1,000 live births in mid year.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, ONMVRHS



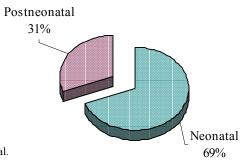


* 2002 data are provisional.

■ San Miguel Co. ■ New Mexico

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY PERCENT OF INFANT DEATHS NEONATAL AND POSTNEONATAL 1998-2002*



* 2002 data are provisional.

See glossary for definition of neonatal & postneonatal.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records & Health Statistics

INFANT MORTALITY RATES BY COUNTY OF RESIDENCE FOR SELECTED CAUSES 1993-1997 & 1998-2002 AVERAGE

	All Infant Deaths		Birth Defects		Short Gestation		SIDS	
	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*	1993-1997	1998-2002*
San Miguel Co.	8.5	6.8	2.6	1.4	0.5	3.3	0.5	0.5
New Mexico	7.1	6.6	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.1	0.6

^{*2002} data are provisional

NOTE: Rate per 1,000 live births. Subcategory rates may not add up to all infant death rate due to rounding.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

NEW MEXICO RESIDENTS AGES 20 AND YOUNGER SELECTED DIAGNOSES REPORTED TO CHILDRENS CHRONIC CONDITIONS REGISTRY 2000

Diagnosas	San Mig	uel Co.	New Mexico		
Diagnoses	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	
Children in Registry	2,150	2157.8	90,763	1534.5	
Congenital Anomalies - All	442	443.6	22,241	376.0	
Neural Tube Defects	9	9.0	870	14.7	
Cleft Lip/Cleft Palate	60	60.2	2,946	49.8	
Down Syndrome	16	16.1	997	16.9	
All Other Anomalies	357	358.3	17,428	294.6	
Asthma	913	916.3	20,904	353.4	

* = 1-3 **= 0

Rates per 10,000 population ages 20 years and younger

NOTE: Children in registry totals include all other conditions not listed above.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health Children's Medical Services

CHILD ABUSE CASES NUMBER AND TYPE OF INVESTIGATIONS 2002

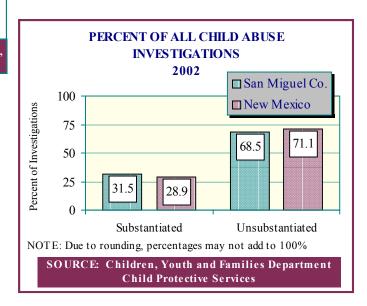
	Substantiated	Unsubstantiated	Total
San Miguel Co.	104	226	330
New Mexico	4,089	10,067	14,156

Substantiated means that through the course of the investigation, the social worker determined that the child(ren) who is the subject of the report has been determined to have been the victim of abuse and/or neglect. In other words the allegations are true.

An *unsubstantiated* investigation indicates that the investigator was unable to determine that the allegation(s) was, true.

SOURCE: NM Children, Youth and Families Department, Child Protective Services







Sometimes children have special developmental needs or health concerns that may put them at risk for or cause a developmental delay.

Through the Department of Health's Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program early intervention services are available to help families who have concerns about the development of their young child (birth to three).

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) ELIGIBILITY STATUS FOR FY03

ELIGIBILITY	San Miguel	New Mexico
ELIGIDILATY	NUMBER	NUMBER
At Risk, Environmental	^	665
At Risk, Medical/Biological	27	1,150
Developmental Delay	35	2,937
Established Condition	16	470

The eligibility category of children with an active IFSP during FY 2003 is reported. Children are eligible for FIT Program service through one of four eligibility categories: a developmental delay of 25% or more in one of five developmental areas, an established condition (such as Down's Syndrome) that usually leads to a development delay, or a medical / biological risk or an environmental risk for a developmental delay.

^Statistics not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) BY RACE/ ETHNICITY FOR FY03 San Miguel New Mexico RACE/ETHNICITY NUMBER **NUMBER** American Indian or Alaskan Native 0 779 0 Asian or Pacific Islander 43 0 130 Black or African American (not Hispanic) 70 Hispanic or Latino 2,696 White (not Hispanic) 1,574 The race / ethnicity of children with active IFSP during FY 2003 is reported SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP) BY AGE OF CHILD on 12/1/2002 San Miguel New Mexico AGE OF CHILD NUMBER PERCENT NUMBER PERCENT Less Than 1 year 458 17.9 15.6 8 707 1 to 2 years 25.0 27.6 2 to 3 years 12 37.5 1048 41.0 3 years and older 21.9 345 13.5 32 100.0 2558 100.0 The age of child with an IFSP on December 1st as reported

SOURCE: DOH Long Term Services Division Family Infant Toddler (FIT) Program

Fiscal Year 2003 = July 01, 2002 to June 30, 2003

PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLMENT KINDERGARTEN THROUGH 8TH GRADE 2002-2003

GRADE	San Mig	guel Co.	New Mexico		
GRADE	PRIVATE	PUBLIC	PRIVATE	PUBLIC	
Kindergarten	0	370	3,525	22,638	
1st Grade	0	389	2,667	23,706	
2nd Grade	0	373	2,738	23,550	
3rd Grade	0	350	2,601	24,012	
4th Grade	0	448	2,553	24,995	
5th Grade	0	419	2,554	25,310	
6th Grade	0	401	2,666	25,702	
7th Grade	3	428	2,628	25,425	
8th Grade	3	447	2,555	25,630	
Total	6	3,625	24,487	220,968	

SOURCE: NM Department of Education

HOMESCHOOL STUDENTS ALL GRADES

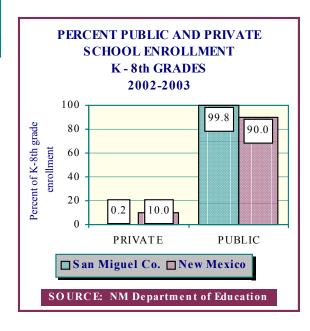
1998-1999 & 1999-2000

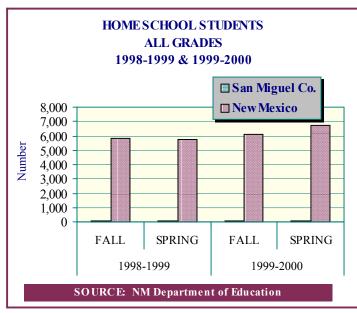
	1998	-1999	1999-2000		
	FALL	SPRING	FALL	SPRING	
San Miguel Co.	80	94	80	92	
New Mexico	5,796	5,728	6,080	6,732	

NOTE: These are the number of home school students reporting to the New Mexico Department of Education.

SOURCE: NM Department of Education





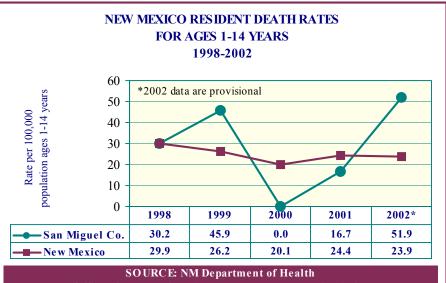


NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS FOR AGES 1-14 YEARS 1992-2002

Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico
1992	3	120
1993	0	133
1994	1	125
1995	0	123
1996	0	128
1997	1	106
1998	2	115
1999	3	100
2000	0	79
2001	1	94
2002*	3	92

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health **ONMVRHS**



Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 1-14 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

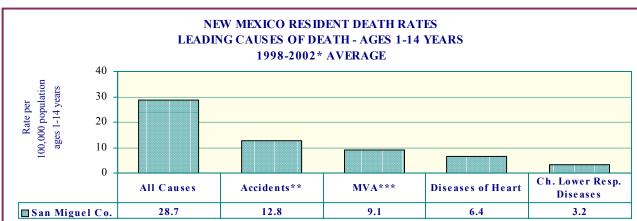
SAN MIGUEL COUN	NEW MEXICO				
Causes	Number	Rate	Causes	Number	Rate
All Causes	9	28.7	All Causes	480	24.4
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	4	12.8	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	190	9.7
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(3)	(9.1)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(128)	(6.5)
Diseases of Heart	2	6.4	Congenital Malformations	45	2.3
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	1	3.2	Malignant Neoplasms	39	2.0

^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population ages 1-14 years. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics



*2002 data are provisional. **Accidents are considered Unintentional Injuries. *** Motor Vehicle Accidents (MVA) are included in Accidents. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not be equal to those previously reported due to application of comparablility ratios.

PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT **GRADES 9-12 SCHOOL YEARS 2000-2003** San Miguel Co. SCHOOL YEAR New Mexico 2000-2001 1,643 95,427 95,224 2001-2002 1,583 2002-2003 1,540 95,767 **SOURCE: NM Department of Education**

PRIVATE AND PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT **GRADES 9 - 12 SCHOOL YEAR 2000-2001** San Miguel Co. New Mexico **GRADE** PRIVATE PUBLIC PRIVATE PUBLIC 9th 42 490 2,454 28,944 10th 38 439 2,092 25,476 122 379 11th 1,901 21,905 12th 122 335 1,690 19,102

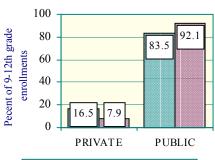
1,643

SOURCE: NM Department of Education

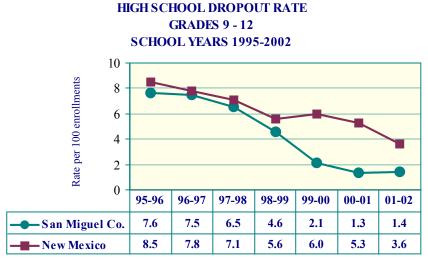
8,137

95,427





SOURCE: NM Department of Education



324

Total

Rate calculated by dividing the number of dropouts by the number of students enrolled in grades 9-12 on the 40th day of enrollment. A dropout is a student who was enrolled in school the previous year, but did not enroll the following year and did not graduate or meet certain approved exclusions (e.g., transfer, illness).

SOURCE: NM Department of Education

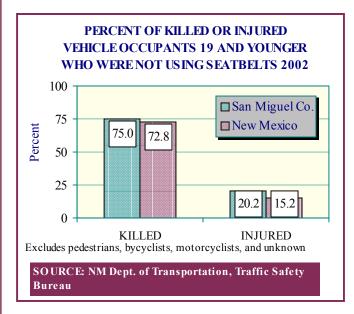
RESIDENT FALL ENROLLMENT TO NEW MEXICO HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS 2001-2002

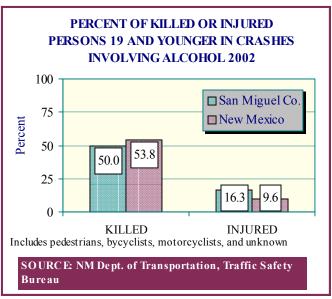
HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS 2001-2002					
INSTITUTE	San M	Tiguel (1997)	New M	1exico	
INSTITUTE	2001	2002	2001	2002	
UNM	183	191	19,751	20,497	
UNM Gallup	2	1	2,125	2,485	
UNM Los Alamos	0	2	824	918	
UNM Medical School	3	1	263	268	
UNM Taos	2	1	1,190	1,349	
UNM Valencia	3	2	1,563	1,717	
NMSU	92	96	10,897	11,330	
NMSU Alamogordo	3	2	1,300	1,380	
NMSU Carlsbad	0	0	1,028	1,108	
NMSU Dona Ana	19	16	4,342	4,744	
NMSU Grants	0	0	619	640	
ENMU	12	17	3,144	3,120	
ENMU Roswell	16	3	3,046	3,536	
ENMU Ruidoso	0	0	752	751	
NMHU	918	839	2,987	2,841	
WNMU	4	7	2,109	2,277	
Other NM Institutions*	1,090	1,215	38,739	41,773	
SOURCE: NM Commission on Higher Education					

NOTE: Not all resident students report their original county of origin. In addition, out of state students are not included. Resident students attending school out of state are also not included. Counts reflect all students at a specific site, including extended services enrollments.

*Includes all other institutions of higher education not listed above, including community and technical colleges.

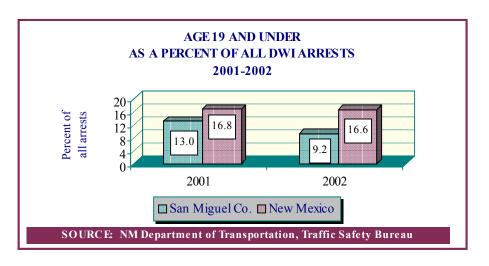
PERSONS 19 AND UNDER KILLED OR INJURED AS VEHICLE OCCUPANTS IN CRASHES BY SEATBELT STATUS 2002				UPANTS		
	KILLED			INJURED		
	TOTAL	NO BELT	BELT	TOTAL	NO BELT	BELT
San Miguel Co.	4	3	1	89	18	71
New Mexico 81 59 22 6,407 974 5,433						
NOTE: Number excludes pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.						
SOURCE: 1	New Mexico	Department	of Transpo	rtation, Tra	ffic Safety Bu	ıreau





NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED FOR DRIVING WHILE IMPAIRED (DWI) 2001 & 2002					
	19 Years and Younger All Persons				
	2001 2002 2001 2002				
San Miguel Co.	42	37	322	404	
New Mexico 3,617 3,593 21,576 21,603					
SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau					





NEW MEXICO RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS TO MOTHERS AGE 15-17 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

	Number	Rate
San Miguel Co.	159	42.4
New Mexico	8,687	40.0

*2002 data are provisional

Rate is per 1,000 female population ages 15-17 years. Rate numerator was births to mothers age 15-17 years for 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was 2000 female population age 15-17.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS

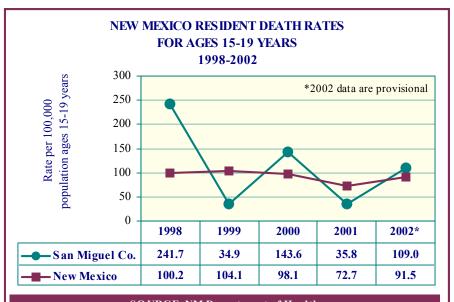
NEW MEXICO RESIDENT BIRTH RATES FOR MOTHERS AGES 15-17 YEARS 1970, 1980, 1990, & 2000 Rate per 1,000 Female Population ages 15-17 60 40 20 0 1970 1980 1990 2000 44.7 57.1 -San Miguel Co. 55.4 42.7 37.2 43.9 46.9 39.1 - New Mexico **SOURCE: NM Department of Health**

SOURCE: NM Department of Health
Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS FOR AGES 15-19 YEARS 1992-2002

Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico		
1992	1	117		
1993	3	132		
1994	2	128		
1995	3	150		
1996	5	158		
1997	1	118		
1998	7	144		
1999	1	150		
2000	4	143		
2001	1	107		
2002*	3	136		
*2002 data are provisional				

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 15-19 YEARS 1998-2002* AVERAGE

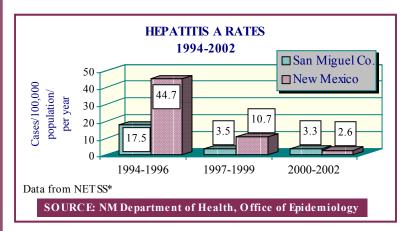
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY			NEW MEXICO		
Causes	Number	Rate	Causes	Number	Rate
All Causes	16	114.9	All Causes	680	93.3
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	8	58.1	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	312	42.8
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(7)	(47.1)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(235)	(32.2)
Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)	4	28.7	Assault (Homicide)	117	16.0
Assault (Homicide)	3	21.5	Intentional Self-Harm (Suicide)	117	16.0
Malignant Neoplasms	0	0.0	Malignant Neoplasms	35	4.8

^{* 2002} data are provisional

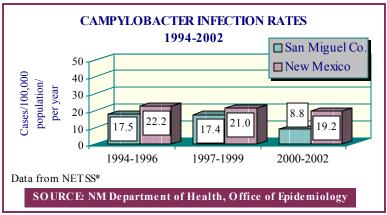
Rate per 100,000 population ages 15-19 years. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

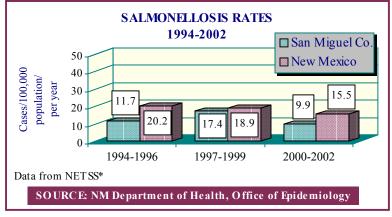
GASTROINTESTINAL DISEASES



I	HEPATITIS A NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico			
1994-1996	15	2,254			
1997-1999	3	557			
2000-2002	3	141			
Data from NETSS*					
	SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology				



CAMPYLOBACTER INFECTION NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico		
1994-1996	15	1,117		
1997-1999	15	1,093		
2000-2002	8	1,059		
Data from NETSS*				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health				
Office of Epidemiology				



SALMONELLOSIS NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico		
1994-1996	10	1,016		
1997-1999	15	984		
2000-2002	9	856		
Data from NETSS*				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health				
Office of Epidemiology				

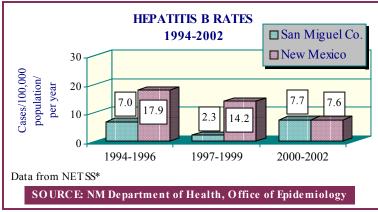
Cases/100,000 population/per 300 year 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		OSIS RATES 94-2002 15.1 1997-1999	San Miguel Co. New Mexico 10.2 2000-2002
Data from NETSS*			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology			

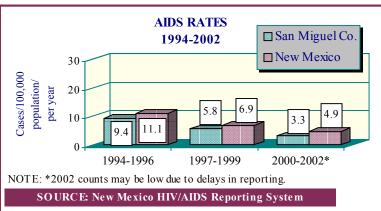
]	SHIGELLOSIS NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico			
1994-1996	22	1,900			
1997-1999	3	786			
2000-2002	5	560			
Data from N	Data from NETSS*				
	SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology				

*National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS)

INFECTIOUS / COMMUNICABLE DISEASE - BLOODBORNE & RESPIRATORY DISEASES

BLOODBORNE DISEASES



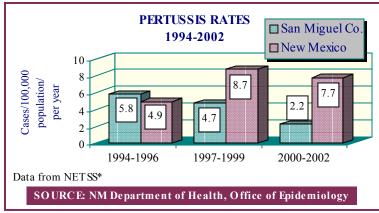


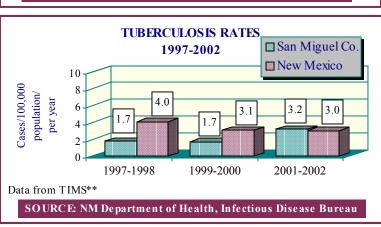
HEPATITIS B NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico		
1994-1996	6	905		
1997-1999	2	736		
2000-2002	7	419		
Data from NETSS*				
	SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology			

*National Electronic Telecommunication System for Surveillance (NETSS)

N	AIDS UMBER OF CAS	SES			
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico			
1994-1996	8	559			
1997-1999	5	357			
2000-2002*	0-2002* 3 270				
NOTE: *2002 counts may be low due to delays in reporting.					
SOURCE: New Mexico HIV/AIDS					
	Reporting System	m			

RESPIRATORY DISEASES



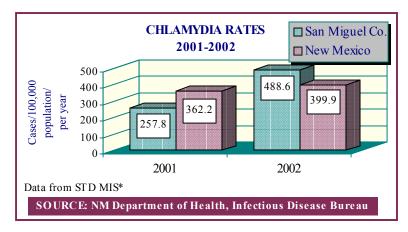


PERTUSSIS NUMBER OF CASES			
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico	
1994-1996	5	247	
1997-1999	4	453	
2000-2002	2	426	
Data from NETSS*			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Office of Epidemiology			

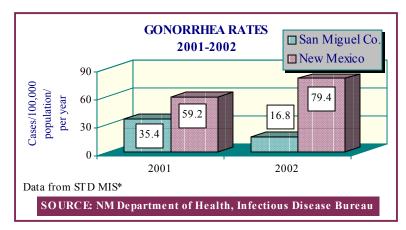
TUBERCULOSIS NUMBER OF CASES			
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico	
1997-1998	1	139	
1999-2000	1	110	
2001-2002	2	111	
Data from TIMS**			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau			

**Tuberculosis Information Management System (TIMS)

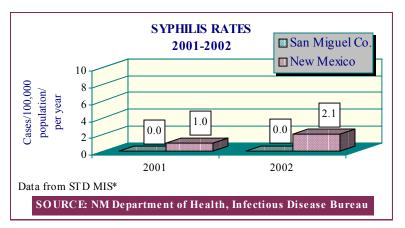
SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES



CHLAMYDIA NUMBER OF CASES					
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico			
2001	80	6,669			
2002	2002 145 7,419				
Data from S	Data from STD MIS*				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau					



GONORRHEA NUMBER OF CASES				
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico		
2001	11	1,090		
2002 5 1,472				
Data from STD MIS*				
SOURCE: NM Department of Health				
Infectious Disease Bureau				



SYPHILIS NUMBER OF CASES			
Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico	
2001	0	19	
2002	0	39	
Data from S	STD MIS*		
SOURCE: NM Department of Health Infectious Disease Bureau			

NOTE: The scales on the above graphs are not comparable.

*Sexually Transmitted Diseases Management Information Systems (STD MIS)

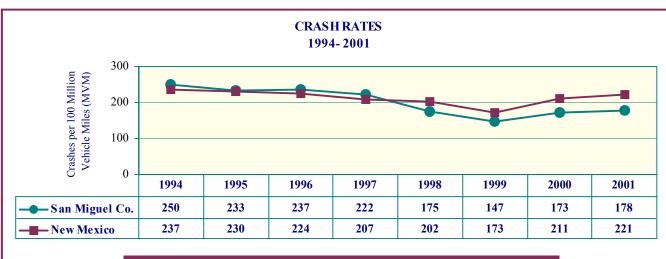


NUMBER OF FATAL AND INJURY CRASHES VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED, LICENSED DRIVERS AND ECONOMIC LOSS 2001

	NUMBI	ER OF CRA	ASHES	Licensed	Economic	100 MVM	
	Total	Fatal	Injury	Drivers	Loss *1000	Traveled	
San Miguel Co.	690	10	208	17,623	\$64,592	3.9	
New Mexico	50,236	415	17,879	1,225,793	\$3,537,921	227.1	

NOTE: MVM = Million Vehicle Miles

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "New Mexico Traffic Crash Information", 2001 Report.



SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.

ALL PERSONS KILLED OR INJURED AS VEHICLE OCCUPANTS IN CRASHES BY SEATBELT STATUS 2002 KILLED TOTAL NO BELT BELT TOTAL NO BELT BELT

 RILLED

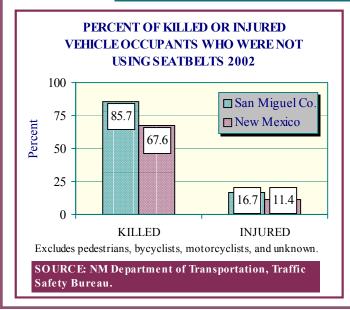
 TOTAL NO BELT
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 TOTAL NO BELT BELT

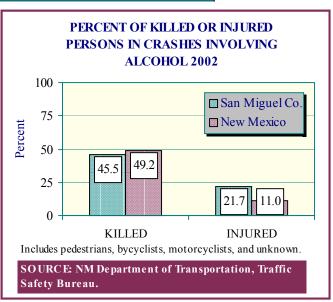
 San Miguel Co.
 7
 6
 1
 311
 52
 259

 New Mexico
 349
 236
 113
 24,771
 2,818
 21,953

NOTE: Number excludes pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, and unknown.

SOURCE: New Mexico Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau.







ALCOHOL RELATED CRASHES NEW MEXICO - 2001

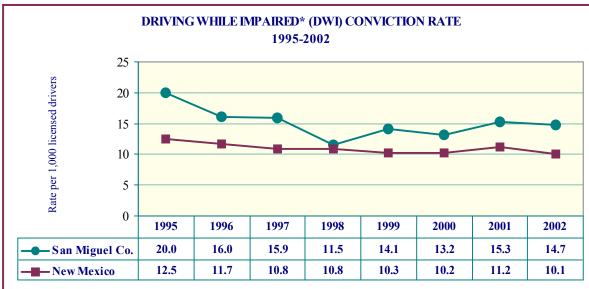
- 43 percent of all fatal crashes involved alcohol.
- A person died in an alcohol-involved crash every 44 hours.
- A person was injured in an alcohol-involved crash every 174 minutes.
- An alcohol-involved crash occurred every 147 minutes.

ALCOHOL INVOLVED CRASHES PERSONS INVOLVED AND DWI CONVICTIONS 2002

	CRAS	SHES	PERSONS INVOLVED			
	Fatal	Injury	DWI Killed Injured Conviction* D			DWI Rate
San Miguel Co.	5	51	5	75	261	14.7
New Mexico	198	1,774	221	2,921	12,544	10.1

*DWI convictions are those handed down during year listed. The citations which resulted in these convictions could have been issued prior to these years. Convictions are counted by county of driver's residence, not the county in which the citation was issued.

SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "Driving While Impared", 2002 Report.



^{*}DWI convictions are those handed down during year listed. The citations which resulted in these convictions could have been issued prior to these years. Convictions are counted by county of driver's residence, not the county in which the citation was issued.

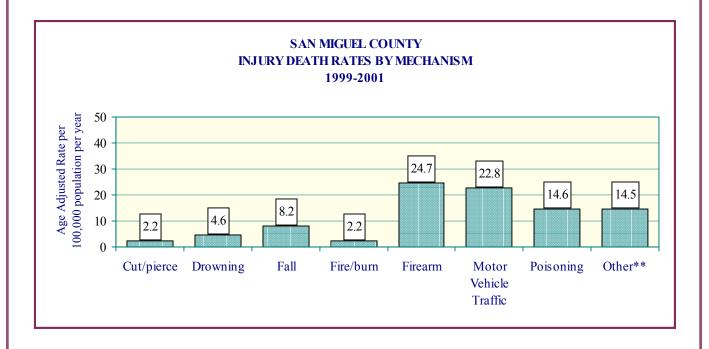
SOURCE: NM Department of Transportation, Traffic Safety Bureau "Driving While Impared", various years.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY INJURY DEATHS BY MECHANISM 1999-2001				
Mechanism of Injury	Number of Deaths in 3 Years	Age Adjusted Rate/100,000* Per Year	New Mexico Age Adjusted Rate/100,000* Per Year	
Cut/pierce	2	2.2	1.8	
Drowning	4	4.6	1.4	
Fall	7	8.2	10.2	
Fire/burn	2	2.2	1.0	
Firearm	22	24.7	15.7	
Motor Vehicle Traffic	20	22.8	22.1	
Poisoning	13	14.6	17.0	
Other**	13	14.5	14.0	
All Injury	83	93.8	83.2	

NON-FATAL INJURY HOSPITALIZATIONS 1998-2000			
Number/Rate	San Miguel County	New Mexico	
Total Number of			
Hospital Discharges in			
3 Years	725	30,596	
Age Adjusted Rate per			
100,000* Population per			
Year	821.6	585.2	
NOTE: Injury of the principal diagnosis of discharge			

NOTE: Injury as the principal diagnosis of discharge. * Rates are adjusted to the 2000 U. S. Standard Population.

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission



Note: Injury categories are from the "Preliminary External Cause of Injury Mortality Matrix for ICD-10," June 12, 2001 by Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control.

New Mexico Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology, Injury Epidemiology Unit Source: Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics

^{*}Age-adjusted death rate adjusted to the 2000 U.S standard population. Age adjusted death rates weight the age-specific rates for a given population by the age distribution of a standard population, thereby enabling the direct comparison of rates between populations with differing age structures.

^{**} Other includes machinery, cyclist, pedestrian, natural /environmental, struck by/against, suffocation, other specified and unspecified categories.

NUMBER AND INCIDENCE RATE 1994-2000 AGGREGATE					
SITE	San M	liguel	New N	l exico	
SHE	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	
All Cancers	330	379.8	23,565	468.7	
Stomach	8	9.8	515	10.6	
Colon and Rectum	39	46.7	2,482	50.4	
Liver and Intrahepatic Bile Duct	5	5.3	412	8.2	
Gallbladder	^	^	52	1.1	
Pancreas	11	13.8	570	11.7	
Lung and Bronchus	37	44.3	3,053	62.2	
Melanomas of the Skin	8	8.8	974	18.7	
Breast	^	^	51	1.0	
Prostate	116	135.4	7,320	145.5	
Urinary Bladder	20	22.5	1,324	27.4	
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	7	8.4	741	14.3	
Non-Hodgkins Lymphomas	5	5.2	912	17.8	
Leukemias	8	8.6	727	14.2	
All Other Cancers	66	71.0	4,432	85.3	

CANCER INCIDENCE AMONG MALES

Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. (19 age groups) standard.

SOURCE: New Mexico Tumor Registry, University of New Mexico

Colorectal Cancer Screening and Early Detection

Screening tests can reduce deaths from colorectal cancer by identifying polyps, which are tiny growths inside the colon, before they become cancerous. Screening also detects early cancers when treatment is most effective and survival rates are high.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov

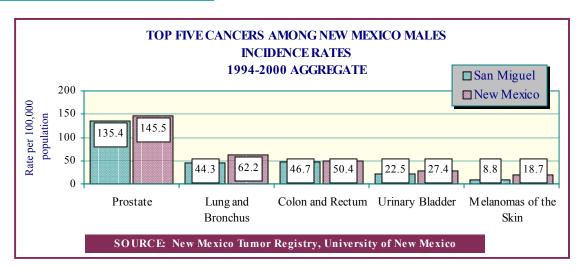
Prostate Cancer Fact

The American Cancer Society estimates that in 2003, 220,900 new cases of prostate cancer will be diagnosed and that 28,900 men will die of the disease in the United States.

Two methods for detecting prostate cancer are commonly used by clinicians:

- 1) Digital rectal examination (DRE)
- 2) Prostate-specific antigen (PSA)

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov



[~] Statistic could not be calculated.

[^] Statistic not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

CANCER INCIDENCE AMONG FEMALES
NUMBER AND INCIDENCE RATE
1994-2000 AGGREGATE

SITE	San M	liguel	New Mexico		
SHE	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	
All Cancers	317	311.8	21,575	353.8	
Stomach	6	5.9	333	5.5	
Colon and Rectum	36	35.2	2,173	35.6	
Liver and Intrahepatic Bile Duct	^	٨	211	3.4	
Gallbladder	^	^	113	1.8	
Pancreas	8	7.5	543	8.9	
Lung and Bronchus	31	30.5	2,208	36.0	
Melanomas of the Skin	5	5.1	745	12.2	
Breast	94	94.0	7,067	116.5	
Cervix	12	11.9	566	9.3	
Corpus and Uterus, NOS	19	18.9	1,116	18.3	
Urinary Bladder	^	^	484	7.9	
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	9	9.0	472	7.7	
Non-Hodgkins Lymphomas	17	16.4	759	12.5	
Leukemias	7	6.6	532	8.6	
All Other Cancers	64	62.3	4,253	69.5	

Rates are per 100,000 and age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. (19 age groups) standard.

- ~ Statistic could not be calculated.
- ^ Statistic not displayed due to less than 5 cases.

SOURCE: New Mexico Tumor Registry, University of New Mexico

Breast Cancer Screening

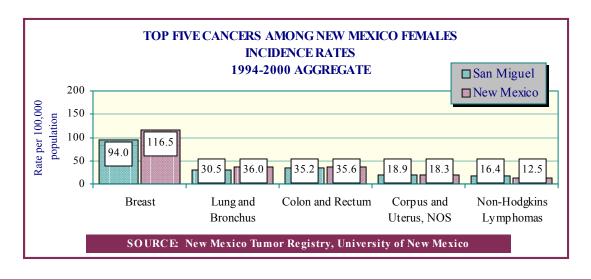
According to the American Cancer Society, an estimated 211,300 new invasive cases of breast cancer are expected to occur among women in the United States during 2003. Mammography is the best way to detect breast cancer in its earliest, most treatable stage, an average of 1.7 years before a woman can feel the lump. Mammography also locates cancers too small to be felt during a clinical breast examination.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov

Cervical Cancer Screening

Cervical cancer is nearly 100 percent preventable, yet according to the American Cancer Society, in 2003, an estimated 12,200 new cases of invasive cervical cancer will be diagnosed and about 4,100 women will die of the disease. The occurrence of deaths from cervical cancer has declined significantly over the past 40 years. This decline is largely attributed to the effectiveness of Pap test screening in detecting precancerous lesions and early stage cervical cancer.

SOURCE: www.cdc.gov



MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES (MMDC)

➤ Hospitals use a classification scheme, called Major Diagnostic Categories (MDC), to group the diagnoses of patients upon their discharge from the hospital. Data shown in the following pages are based on a modification of the Major Diagnostic Categories. The Modified Major Diagnostic Categories (MMDCs) separates injuries and neoplasms into their own unique groupings while conventional MDCs distribute these diagnoses across other categories, which obscures their impact.

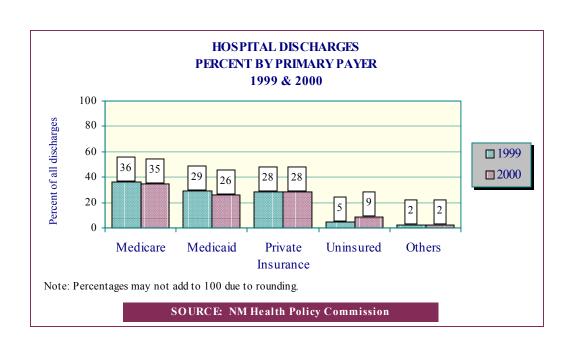
METHODOLOGY NOTES:

- The size of the county's population and the population demographics, such as average age of residents, should be taken into account in interpreting reported data.
- Indian Health Service facilities do not report discharge data to the New Mexico Health Policy Commission, the state agency that maintains the hospital discharge database. As such, counties with large Native American populations may have artificially lower rates.
- Only hospitalization to New Mexico hospitals are included. Counties bordering other states may have a significant number of hospitalization in other states.

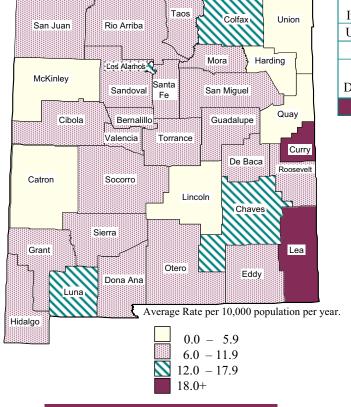
HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE DATA - ALL AGES							
MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES	(MMDCs)						
1999-2001							

MMDC	199	99	200	00	2001		
WINIDC	San Miguel	New Mexico	San Miguel	New Mexico	San Miguel	New Mexico	
01: Nervous System	109	6,319	130	6,416	145	6,799	
02: Eye Diseases	15	639	8	386	5	205	
03: Ear, Nose, Mouth, Throat	39	1,879	32	1,612	28	1,702	
04: Respiratory System	516	17,875	438	15,151	394	15,329	
05: Circulatory System	332	20,349	424	20,923	430	20,629	
06: Digestive System	324	12,425	360	13,099	309	12,921	
07: Hepatobiliary System	103	5,084	160	5,306	147	5,343	
08: Musculoskeletal System	106	7,400	124	7,206	124	7,293	
09: Skin, Subcutaneous, Breast	58	2,272	49	2,392	60	2,583	
10: Endocrine, Metabolic	82	4,658	104	4,726	105	5,103	
11: Kidney & Urinary Tract	130	4,789	108	4,787	122	5,186	
12: Male Reproductive System	5	772	13	662	20	767	
13: Female Reproductive System	56	3,330	67	3,496	56	3,542	
14: Pregnancy, Childbirth	391	26,121	400	26,521	426	26,606	
15: Newborns, Neonates	383	23,859	404	24,401	406	24,567	
16: Blood & Blood Forming-Organs	15	1,052	33	1,170	16	1,253	
17: Myeloproliferative Diseases	143	8,616	153	8,345	169	8,118	
18: Infectious Diseases	46	2,128	54	1,795	48	1,915	
19: Mental Diseases	142	8,878	153	9,064	171	9,485	
20: Alcohol / Drug Abuse	45	3,295	44	2,957	37	2,909	
21: Injuries & Poisonings	286	14,682	321	14,193	273	14,113	
22: Burns	3	270	8	233	11	229	
23: Factors Influencing Health	53	4,148	53	4,274	52	4,387	
24: Multiple Trauma	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25: HIV	4	148	0	96	0	86	

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission



NEW MEXICO ASTHMA DISCHARGE DATA BY COUNTY 1998-2000



SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

HOSPITAL DISCHARGES BY PRIMARY PAYER 1999 & 2000 San Miguel

Davida	San M	figuel	New Mexico			
Payee	1999	2000	1999	2000		
Medicare	1,212	1,287	47,144	47,959		
Medicaid	974	941	39,147	39,468		
Private						
Insurance	958	1,040	71,401	74,271		
Uninsured	175	323	12,354	13,859		
Others	76	65	5,431	4,738		
Total						
Discharges	3,395	3,656	175,477	180,295		

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

NEW MEXICO ASTHMA HOSPITAL DISCHARGES* BY COUNTY 1998-2000

	Number	Rate
San Miguel Co.	82	9.4
New Mexico	4,936	9.4

^{*}Primary discharges from non-Federal Hospitals Average rates per 10,000 population per year.

SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

ESTIMATED DIABETES PREVALENCE AMONG NEW MEXICO ADULTS 2002*

County	2002 Adult Population	Number of Adults with Diabetes	Percentage of Adults with Diabetes
Bernalillo	430,698	38,586	9.0%
Catron	2,844	228	8.0%
Chaves	43,413	3,806	8.8%
Cibola	18,460	1,960	10.6%
Colfax	10,765	951	8.8%
Curry	31,536	2,672	8.5%
De Baca	1,666	142	8.5%
Dona Ana	127,663	12,049	9.4%
Eddy	37,146	3,195	8.6%
Grant	22,677	2,022	8.9%
Guadalupe	3,513	352	10.0%
Harding	616	55	8.9%
Hidalgo	3,801	344	9.1%
Lea	39,662	3,451	8.7%
Lincoln	15,533	1,269	8.2%
Los Alamos	13,763	1,075	7.8%
Luna	18,007	1,639	9.1%
McKinley	47,057	5,630	12.0%
Mora	3,960	398	10.0%
Otero	43,945	3,827	8.7%
Quay	7,524	646	8.6%
Rio Arriba	29,687	3,093	10.4%
Roosevelt	13,160	1,109	8.4%
Sandoval	68,949	6,313	9.2%
San Juan	82,679	8,169	9.9%
San Miguel	22,029	2,197	10.0%
Santa Fe	103,491	9,359	9.0%
Sierra	10,497	859	8.2%
Socorro	13,177	1,246	9.5%
Taos	23,651	2,246	9.5%
Torrance	11,901	1,030	8.7%
Union	2,962	251	8.5%
Valencia	48,121	4,450	9.2%
New Mexico**	1,354,553	120,555	8.9%

^{*}County estimates were derived in the following manner: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS, 2002), a telephone survey of adults' (age 18 and over) health in New Mexico, was utilized to generate the racial/ethnic-specific diagnosed diabetes prevalence rates for the entire state. County populations were then obtained from the US Census Bureau (2002) by racial/ethnic group. The BRFSS rates were applied to these groups, generating an estimate of the number of American Indians, non-Hispanic Whites, Hispanics and Others (Asian/Pacific Islanders, non-Hispanic Blacks, and other) with diagnosed diabetes. The numbers were then combined to yield a total estimate of adults in each county with diagnosed diabetes. For those with undiagnosed diabetes, estimates by racial/ethnic group from NHANES III (National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey) were obtained from Harris, MI et al. (1998). The estimated numbers of adults with diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes were combined for the final estimate.

Source: Department of Health, Diabetes Prevention & Control Program

^{**}State estimates were derived in the following manner: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS, 2002) was utilized to generate an overall estimate of diagnosed diabetes among New Mexican adults. That is, in 2002, an estimated 6.2% of New Mexican adults indicated they had been diagnosed with diabetes. An estimate for undiagnosed diabetes (from NHANES III data) was obtained from Harris, MI et al. (1998). The estimated numbers of adults with diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes were combined for the final estimate. Note: adding up the county estimates will not result in the state estimate. For the state estimate, there was no initial stratification by race/ethnicity, it was simply a calculation of those with diabetes (all races) divided by those responding to the question.

HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE DATA MODIFIED MAJOR DIAGNOSTIC CATEGORIES (MMDC) SAN MIGUEL COUNTY 1999-2001

		1999			2000			2001	
MMDC		All	% All		All	% All		All	% All
	65+	Ages	Ages	65+	Ages	Ages	65+	Ages	Ages
01: Nervous System	55	109	50.5	63	130	48.5	75	145	51.7
02: Eye Diseases	7	15	46.7	5	8	62.5	3	5	60.0
03: Ear, Nose, Mouth, Throat	16	39	41.0	13	32	40.6	3	28	10.7
04: Respiratory System	318	516	61.6	266	438	60.7	217	394	55.1
05: Circulatory System	170	332	51.2	240	424	56.6	209	430	48.6
06: Digestive System	119	324	36.7	120	360	33.3	102	309	33.0
07: Hepatobiliary System	35	103	34.0	54	160	33.8	37	147	25.2
08: Musculoskeletal System	52	106	49.1	52	124	41.9	48	124	38.7
09: Skin, Subcutaneous, Breast	27	58	46.6	18	49	36.7	15	60	25.0
10: Endocrine, Metabolic	37	82	45.1	52	104	50.0	45	105	42.9
11: Kidney & Urinary Tract	58	130	44.6	43	108	39.8	41	122	33.6
12: Male Reproductive System	3	5	60.0	7	13	53.8	13	20	65.0
13: Female Reproductive System	6	56	10.7	9	67	13.4	7	56	12.5
14: Pregnancy, Childbirth	0	391	0.0	0	400	0.0	0	426	0.0
15: Newborns, Neonates	0	383	0.0	13	404	3.2	0	406	0.0
16: Blood & Blood-Forming Organs	6	15	40.0	11	33	33.3	8	16	50.0
17: Myeloproliferative Diseases	49	143	34.3	48	153	31.4	61	169	36.1
18: Infectious Diseases	17	46	37.0	27	54	50.0	27	48	56.3
19: Mental Diseases	6	142	4.2	13	153	8.5	10	171	5.8
20: Alcohol / Drug Abuse	3	45	6.7	8	44	18.2	3	37	8.1
21: Injuries & Poisonings	83	286	29.0	92	321	28.7	88	273	32.2
22: Burns	1	3	33.3	2	8	25.0	0	11	0.0
23: Factors Influencing Health	28	53	52.8	24	53	45.3	30	52	57.7
24: Multiple Trauma	0	0		0	0		0	0	
25: HIV	0	4	0.0	0	0		0	0	
	OURCE:	New Mex	ico Healtl	n Policy C	ommissio	n			

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY HOSPITAL INPATIENT DISCHARGE STATUS FOR AGE 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1999-2001

	1999	2000	2001
Routine Discharge	692	651	524
Transfer-Hospital	29	59	50
Transfer-Skilled Nursing Facility	140	102	76
Transfer-Intermediate Care Facility	47	64	93
Transfer-Other	26	57	43
Transfer-Home Care	86	146	204
Left Against Medical Advice	5	2	3
Died	72	82	52
Other	2	18	1
TOTAL DISCHARGED	1,099	1,181	1,046

SOURCE: New Mexico Health Policy Commission



TOP FIVE CATEGORIES OF HOSPITALIZATION FOR AGES 65+ 1999-2001 35 30 hospital discharges 25 Percent of 65+ 20 15 10 5 0 -1999 2000 2001 → 04: Respiratory System 05: Circulatory System → 06: Digestive System 21: Injuries & Poisonings → 01: Nervous System SOURCE: NM Health Policy Commission

ADULT ABUSE CASES NUMBER AND TYPE OF INVESTIGATION Annual 2002

Residence		ntiated gations		antiated gations	Total Investigations	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	
San Miguel Co	73	23.6	236	76.4	309	
New Mexico	1475	29.2	3569	70.8	5,044	

Source: NM Children, Youth and Families Department Protective Services Division Fact Book, Fourth Quarter & Annual 2002

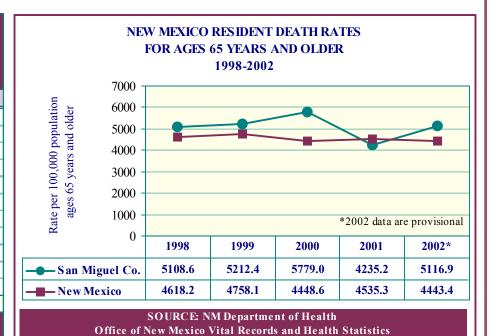


NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS AGES 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1992-2002

Year	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico
1992	157	7,600
1993	151	7,971
1994	149	8,368
1995	149	8,628
1996	150	8,663
1997	177	8,772
1998	160	9,100
1999	162	9,515
2000	204	9,441
2001	152	9,864
2002*	186	9,840

*2002 data are provisional

SOURCE: NM Department of Health ONMVRHS



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH - AGES 65 YEARS AND OLDER 1998-2002* AVERAGE

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY	NEW MEXICO				
Causes	Number	Rate	Causes	Number	Rate
All Causes	864	4895.2	All Causes	47,760	4500.9
Diseases of Heart	256	1451.9	Diseases of Heart	13,459	1268.4
Malignant Neoplasms	156	885.1	Malignant Neoplasms	10,313	971.9
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	59	336.7	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	3,630	342.1
Cerebrovascular Diseases	49	280.3	Cerebrovascular Diseases	3,407	321.1
Influenza and Pneumonia	45	254.2	Diabetes Mellitus	1,969	185.5

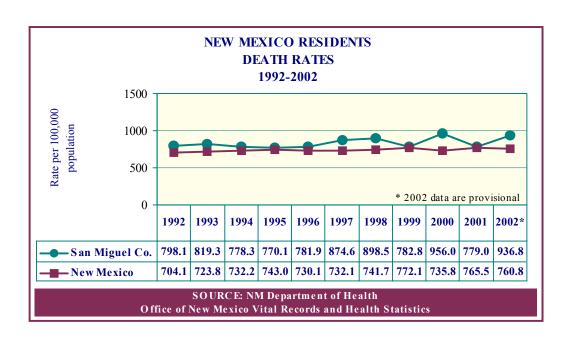
^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population ages 65 years and older. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

Due to the implementation of ICD-10 in 1999, comparability ratios have been applied to statistics for years prior to 1999. Rates and numbers may not equal those previously reported due to the application of comparability ratios.

NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS COUNTY AND STATE TOTALS 1992-2002											
	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002*
San Miguel Co.	216	225	218	220	226	252	258	223	288	232	278
New Mexico	11,130	11,689	12,106	12,500	12,456	12,613	12,858	13,433	13,384	14,016	14,114
* 2002 data are j	provisiona	.1									

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics



NEW MEXICO RESIDENT DEATHS LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH 1998-2002* AVERAGE

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY			NEW MEXICO		
All Races/All Ages	Number	Rate	All Races/All Ages	Number	Rate
All Causes	1,279	849.1	All Causes	67,805	745.5
Diseases of Heart	309	205.2	Diseases of Heart	16,186	178.0
Malignant Neoplasms	222	147.6	Malignant Neoplasms	14,440	158.8
Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	89	58.8	Accidents (Unintentional Injuries)	4,759	52.3
(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(38)	(25.5)	(Motor Vehicle Accidents)	(1,904)	(20.9)
Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	72	47.5	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	4,125	45.3
Chronic Liver Disease & Cirrhosis	58	38.8	Cerebrovas cular Diseases	3,890	42.8

^{* 2002} data are provisional

Rate per 100,000 population. Rate numerator was deaths for years 1998-2002, divided by 5; denominator was the 2000 population.

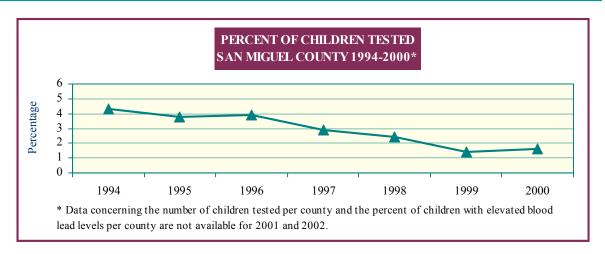
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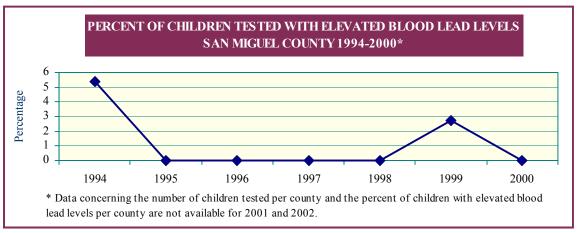
CHILDREN UNDER 6 WITH ELEVATED BLOOD LEAD LEVELS OF THOSE CHILDREN SCREENED, 2001-2002				
	2001	2002		
San Miguel Co.				
Number of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	0	2		
New Mexico				
Number of Children Screened	2,691	2,876		
Number of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	37	35		
Percent of Children with Elevated Blood Lead Levels	1.4	1.2		
NO TE: Elevated Blood Lead Levels is defined as ≥ 10 μg/dl of blood.				

In San Miguel County, 31.6% of the houses were built prior to 1950. More than 27% pre-1950 housing in an area is considered a greater than average risk for lead poisoning in children.

- · Lead poisoning is the number one preventable environmental health problem for children under 6 years.
- · Risk factors for lead poisoning include older housing, poverty, and adult occupational exposure to lead.
- The only way to determine a child's lead level is with a blood lead test.
- The national estimate (1997) of children with an elevated blood lead level is 4.4%.

It is estimated that 60% to 80% of children with elevated blood lead levels are in the Medicaid population.² Note: Screening rates have declined significantly in New Mexico (NM) since the mid 1990's.





 $^{^{1} \}ge 10 \,\mu\text{g/dl}$ of blood (greater than or equal to 10 micrograms per deciliter of blood), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) identified level of concern.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health, Office of Epidemiology

² General Accounting Office (GAO) Report, 1999.



HOSPITALS AND PRIMARY CARE FACILITIES					
HOSPITAL / PRIMARY CARE FACILITY	PHONE	STREET ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP
Las Vegas Medical Center	(505)454-2100	3695 Hot Springs Blvd.	Las Vegas	NM	87701
Northeastern Regional Hospital	(505)425-6751	1235 Eighth Street	Las Vegas	NM	87701
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District II Health Office					

HEALTH CARE CLINICS					
FACILITY	PHONE	STREET ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP
Ayudantes, Inc.	(505)425-6786	3001 Hot Springs Blvd.	Las Vegas	NM	87701
Health Centers of NNM	(505)454-3218	Mora & Baca 9th St	Las Vegas	NM	87701
Health Centers of NNM	(505)425-6788	Hot Springs Blvd	Las Vegas	NM	87701
Health Centers of NNM	(505)421-1113	State Road 3	Ribera	NM	87560
Pecos Valley Medical Center, Inc.	(505)757-6482	State Hwy 50	Pecos	NM	87552
SOURCE: NM Department of Health District II Health Office					

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY SELECTED COMMUNITY PARTNERS FOR PUBLIC HEALTH				
COMMUNITY PARTNER	PHONE#			
Bernal Community Center/ San Miguel del Bado Land Grant	(505) 421-2553			
El Valle Compadres Community & State Police Council	(505) 425-6771			
Health Center of Northern New Mexico	(505) 425-6788			
Las Vegas Communities That Care / Las Vegas Youth Commission	(505) 454-1401			
Las Vegas Domestic Violence Task Force				
Las Vegas Healthier Communities Coalition	(505) 454-1401			
Las Vegas Libre de Tabaco	(505) 425-8120			
Las Vegas Schools Wellness Program	(505) 425-7587			
Las Vegas Substance Abuse Prevention Coalition	(505) 454-5337			
Montanas del Norte Area Health Education Center (AHEC)	(505) 454-2585			
San Miguel County Community State Police Advisory Council	(505) 425-6771			
San Miguel County Cooperative Extension Service	(505) 454-1497			
San Miguel County DWI Planning Council	(505) 425-7998			
San Miguel County Maternal and Child Health Council	(505) 426-0270			
San Miguel Health Center of Northern New Mexico	(505) 421-1113			
San Miguel Parish & Our Lady of Guadalupe Parish	(505) 421-2780			
San Miguel/ Mora Safe Kids Coalition	(505) 425-3566			
San Miguel/Mora Senior Citizens Incorporated	(505) 421-3670			
West Las Vegas Safe & Drug Free Schools	(505) 426-2563			
SOURCE: NM Department of Health, District II Health Office				

LICENSED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS BY COUNTY OF LICENSE 2002			
	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico	
Medical Doctor	51	5,809	
Medical Doctor Resident	0	1,144	
Physician Assistant	8	287	
Nurse (RN & LPN)	397	19,575	
Certified Nurse Midwives	3	148	
Licensed Midwives	1	79	
SOURCE: New Mexico Health Policy Commission			

ACTIVE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL BY LEVEL AS OF AUGUST 20, 2003

Level	San Miguel Co.	New Mexico
First Responder	4	760
Dispatcher	0	398
Dispatcher-Instructor	0	16
EMT-Basic	48	3,321
EMT-Intermediate	10	1,190
EMT-Paramedic	11	955
Total	73	6,641

NOTE: There are personnel with current active licenses at more than one level in this snapshot. The actual state personnel total is 6,546.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health



ACTIVE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL BY GENDER AS OF AUGUST 20, 2003

San Miguel Co.	New Mexico
51	4,574
22	1,995
0	72
73	6,641
	51 22 0 73

NOTE: There are personnel with current active licenses at more than on level in this snapshot. The actual state personnel total is 6,546.

SOURCE: NM Department of Health



AGE-ADJUSTED—Weights the age-specific rates for a given population by the age distribution of a standard population, thereby enabling the direct comparison of rates between populations with differing age structures.

CHILDREN'S CHRONIC CONDITIONS REGISTRY—A registry of data on children with special needs; data are from programs and physicians who provide services to these children. Maintained by the New Mexico Department of Health.

COMPARABILITY RATIOS—With each revision of the *International Classification of Diseases (ICD)*, discontinuities are created in cause-of-death trend data. The classification and rule changes have a substantial impact as deaths that may have been coded to one category in the previous revision are coded to another category in the new revision. To compensate for these shifts, comparability (also called bridge-coding) studies are undertaken to determine the extent of comparability between the two revisions. As a result of these studies, comparability ratios are developed that reflect the degree of comparability between the two revisions.

CRUDE BIRTH RATE—Number of live births per 1,000 population.

CRUDE DEATH RATE—Number of deaths per 1,000 or 100,000 population.

D.W.I.—Driving While Impaired; the current legal limit for blood alcohol concentration is .08 for 21 and older, and .02 for younger than 21.

FERTILITY RATE—Number of live births per 1,000 women 15-44 years of age.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM (FSP)—The FSP is an entitlement program based on Federal rules and mandates. The purpose of the FSP is to increase food purchasing power and to supplement the nutrition level of eligible households. In addition, the FSP provides a nutrition education program to eligible households. Eligibility for participation in the FSP is based on a gross income test at 130% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for the size of the household. Eligibility is also based on a resource test; the household's liquid and nonliquid resources cannot exceed \$2000.00. Food stamp benefits are issued on a monthly basis through an electronic benefit transfer (EBT) system. The FSP has a change reporting and work requirement for adults in the household. Failure to report changes or comply with work requirements results in a reduction or closure of Food Stamp benefits. Under contract with another agency, the Department provides a free nutrition education program for Food Stamp applicants and recipients.

HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DATA—Data, such as diagnosis, gender, age, residence, on hospital inpatient discharges; collected by the NM Health Policy Commission from licensed, non-federal general and specialty hospitals.

INCIDENCE—Measure of the frequency at which new events/cases of a disease or condition occur in a specified population over a given time period.

INCIDENCE RATE—Number of new cases of disease/condition over a given time period (often, a year) that occur in a population at risk for that disease/condition (ergo number of new lung cancer cases per 100,000 persons in a year). An estimate of the risk of developing a disease/condition during a specified time period.

INFANT DEATH—Death of an infant under one year of age (neonatal + postneonatal).

INFANT MORTALITY RATE—Number of infant deaths per 1,000 (or 100,000) live births.

LIVE BIRTH—A birth that shows any sign of life after delivery.

LOW BIRTH WEIGHT—A live birth weighing less than 2500 grams (5-1/2 pounds).

MEDICAID—A federally and state-funded program to pay for medical and other services to eligible New Mexico citizens.

NEONATAL DEATH—Death of newborn under 28 days of age.

NEONATAL MORTALITY RATE—Number of neonatal deaths per 1,000 (or 100,000) live births.

NEURAL TUBE DEFECTS—Malformations of the spine and brain that arise in the first 29 days of pregnancy.

OCCURRENCE DATA—Data allocated by place where event occurred, regardless of the person's place of residence.

GLOSSARY CONTINUED

POPULATION ESTIMATE—Estimate of the number of persons for either a past or current time period.

POSTNEONATAL DEATH—Death of an infant of at least 28 days, but less than one year of age.

POSTNEONATAL MORTALITY RATE—Number of postneonatal deaths per 1,000 or (100,000) live births.

POVERTY—Poverty status is based on the 1964 Social Security Administration definition (modified in 1969 and 1980). At the core of this definition was the 1961 Department of Agriculture economy food plan, which arose from findings of a 1955 Department of Agriculture survey of food consumption. The 1955 findings showed that families of three or more spent about 1/3 of their income on food. Poverty status/level is tied to the cost of the economy food plan that is revised annually for cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index.

PRENATAL CARE—1) Level of Prenatal Care – categorization of prenatal care services into no/low, middle and high levels of care based on the number of visits and month care began (modified Kessner index). 2) Adequacy of Prenatal Care Utilization Index – an alternative measure of prenatal care utilization that adjusts for some of the weaknesses of the trimester care began and the Kessner index (Kotelchuck index).

RESIDENCE DATA—Data allocated by place of residence of the decedent (deaths) or by place of residence of the child's mother (births).

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT—The count of high school students on the current roll on the 40th official school day, by school district.

SUBSTANTIATED—Through the course of the investigation, the social worker determined that the child(ren) who is the subject of the report have been determined to have been the victim of abuse and/or neglect. In other words the allegations are true.

TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF)—TANF is the State-administered, county-operated, monthly cash assistance program funded by a Federal block grant under Title IV-A of the Social Security Act. In July 1997, TANF replaced the previous entitlement program known as Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC). The TANF program is not an entitlement program and has a 60-month term limit in New Mexico, which means that adults receiving assistance from the TANF block grant program can receive assistance for a 60 month maximum limit. TANF is available to both single and two-parent families. To receive TANF, there must be at least one dependent child (under age 18) in the home. TANF eligibility is based on a gross income test at 85% of the Federal Poverty Guideline for the size of the family. Eligibility is also based on a resource test; the family's liquid resources must be less than \$1500.00 and non liquid resources must be less than \$2000.00. Cash assistance is issued through an electronic benefit transfer system, similar to an ATM debit card. The TANF program has a mandatory change reporting and work requirement for adults and a mandatory school attendance requirement for dependent children. The adults in the family must cooperate with child support enforcement efforts on behalf of the dependent children. There are cash payment reductions for failure to comply with change reporting, work requirements, child support enforcement and school attendance.

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI)—Includes the earnings (wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income), dividends, interest, and rent, and transfer payments received by the residents of county. Data shown in thousands.

UNEMPLOYED—Based on monthly surveys, persons who did not work during a specified week but made specific efforts to find a job in the previous 4 weeks and were available for work. Also, persons who did not work, were available for work but were not actively seeking work because they (a) had been laid off and were waiting to be called back; or (b) were waiting to report to a job within 30 days. Does not include those no longer seeking work other than in situations (a) and (b).

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE—Number of persons unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

UNSUBSTANTIATED—Investigation indicates that the investigator was unable to determine that the allegation(s) were true.

VERY LOW BIRTH WEIGHT—A live birth weighing less than 1500 grams (about 2 lbs. 5 oz.) at birth.

W.I.C.—Women, Infants and Children; a federally-funded, special supplemental nutrition program administered by the New Mexico Department of Health and tribal agencies. Its purpose is to provide high-nutrient density food to promote optimal health outcome during the perinatal period. Services include food assistance, nutrition education and referral to health services.